

USER MANUAL

DIR-685

VERSION 1.0



Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

Manual Revisions

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	December 5, 2008	DIR-685 Revision A1 with firmware version 1.00
1.1	February 26, 2009	Updated with minor changes
1.2	March 12, 2009	Updated with minor changes

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Table of Contents

Preface.....	i	Internet Status	21
Manual Revisions	i	Wired Status	22
Trademarks	i	Wireless Status.....	23
Product Overview.....	1	Hard Disk Status	24
Package Contents	1	WPS	25
System Requirements	2	Router Settings.....	26
Introduction.....	3	LCD Saving Settings.....	26
Features	4	Clock Display Setting.....	26
Hardware Overview	5	LCD Luminance Settings	27
Connections.....	5	Hard Disk Saving Settings	28
Front View.....	6	Photos	29
Side View.....	7	Configuration.....	30
Using the LCD Screen	8	Web-based Configuration Utility	30
LEDs	11	Internet Connection Setup Wizard.....	31
Installation.....	12	Manual Internet Connection Setup	35
Before You Begin	12	Static IP (assigned by ISP)	36
Wireless Installation Considerations.....	13	Manual Internet Configuration	37
Connect to Cable/DSL/Satellite Modem	14	Dynamic IP (DHCP)	37
Connect to Another Router.....	15	PPPoE (DSL)	38
Install/Remove a Hard Drive.....	17	PPTP	40
Getting Started	18	L2TP.....	42
LCD Screen Options.....	19	3G USB Adapter	44
Router Statistics	19	Russia PPTP (Dual Access)	45
Status	20	Russia PPPoE (Dual Access)	47
General Router Info	20	Wireless Setup.....	49

Manual Wireless Connection Setup.....	50	FTP Server	83
Wi-Fi Protected Setup	51	FTP Server Settings	84
Wireless Network Settings	52	FTP Access List	85
Network Setup	54	Editing an FTP Access List	86
Router Settings	55	Deleting an FTP Access List	88
DHCP Server Settings	56	UPnP AV Server	89
DHCP Reservation	57	iTunes Server	90
LCD Screen	58	BT Download Manager	91
Port Forwarding	59	Admin.....	92
Application Rules	61	Time.....	93
QoS Engine	62	Log Settings.....	94
Network Filter.....	63	Email Settings.....	95
Website Filter.....	64	System.....	96
Firewall Settings	65	Firmware.....	97
SPI / DMZ Host	66	Dynamic DNS	98
Firewall Rules.....	67	System Check.....	99
Routing	68	Schedules	100
Advanced Wireless	69	Device Info.....	101
Advanced Network.....	70	Log.....	102
Guest Zone	71	Statistics	103
Wake on LAN.....	73	Internet Session.....	104
Disk Management.....	74	Wireless	105
User / Groups	75	Support	106
Group List.....	76	Wireless Security.....	107
Storage Access.....	77	What is WPA?	107
Network Access Lists	79	Wireless Connection Setup Wizard	108
Editing Existing Network Access Lists	80	Add Wireless Device with the WPS Wizard.....	110
Deleting a Network Access List.....	82	Configure WPA/WPA2 (PSK)	111

Configure WPA/WPA2 (EAP)	112
Connect to a Wireless Network.....	113
Using Windows Vista®	113
Configure Wireless Security	114
Connect Using WCN 2.0 in Windows Vista®	116
Using Windows® XP.....	117
Configure WPA-PSK	118
File Sharing.....	120
Mapping a Drive	121
My Network Places.....	124
FrameChannel®	130
Troubleshooting	134
Networking Basics	138
Check your IP address	138
Statically Assign an IP address	139
Glossary	140
Technical Specifications.....	143

Package Contents

D-Link DIR-685 Xtreme N™ Storage Router	
Power Adapter	
Ethernet Cable	
CD-ROM	
Stand	

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the DIR-685 will cause damage and void the warranty.

System Requirements

Network Requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An Ethernet-based Cable or DSL modem • IEEE 802.11n-draft or 802.11g wireless clients • 10/100/1000 Ethernet
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	<p>Computer with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Windows®, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system • An installed Ethernet adapter <p>Browser Requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher • Mozilla 1.7.12 or higher • Firefox 2.0 or higher • Safari 1.0 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher) • Flock 0.7.14 or higher • Opera 6.0 or higher <p>Windows® Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.</p>
CD Installation Wizard Requirements	<p>Computer with the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Windows® XP with Service Pack 2 or Vista • An installed Ethernet adapter • CD-ROM drive

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the D-Link DIR-685 Xtreme N™ Storage Router. The DIR-685 is a draft 802.11n compliant device that delivers a high speed performance that is up to 650% faster than an 802.11g wireless connection (also faster than a 100Mbps wired Ethernet connection). Create a secure wireless network to share photos, files, music, videos, printers, and network storage throughout your home. Connect the Xtreme N™ Storage Router to a cable or DSL modem and share your high-speed Internet access with everyone on your network. In addition, this Router includes a Quality of Service (QoS) engine that keeps digital phone calls (VoIP) and online gaming smooth and responsive, providing a better Internet experience.

Powered by Xtreme N™ technology, this high performance router provides superior coverage while reducing dead spots. The Xtreme N™ Storage Router is designed for use in bigger homes and for users who demand high performance networking. The Xtreme N™ Storage Router supports all of the latest wireless security features to prevent unauthorized access, be it from over the wireless network or from the Internet. Support for WPA and WEP standards ensure that you'll be able to use the best possible encryption method, regardless of your client devices. In addition, this Xtreme N™ Storage Router utilizes dual active firewalls (SPI and NAT) to prevent potential attacks from across the Internet.

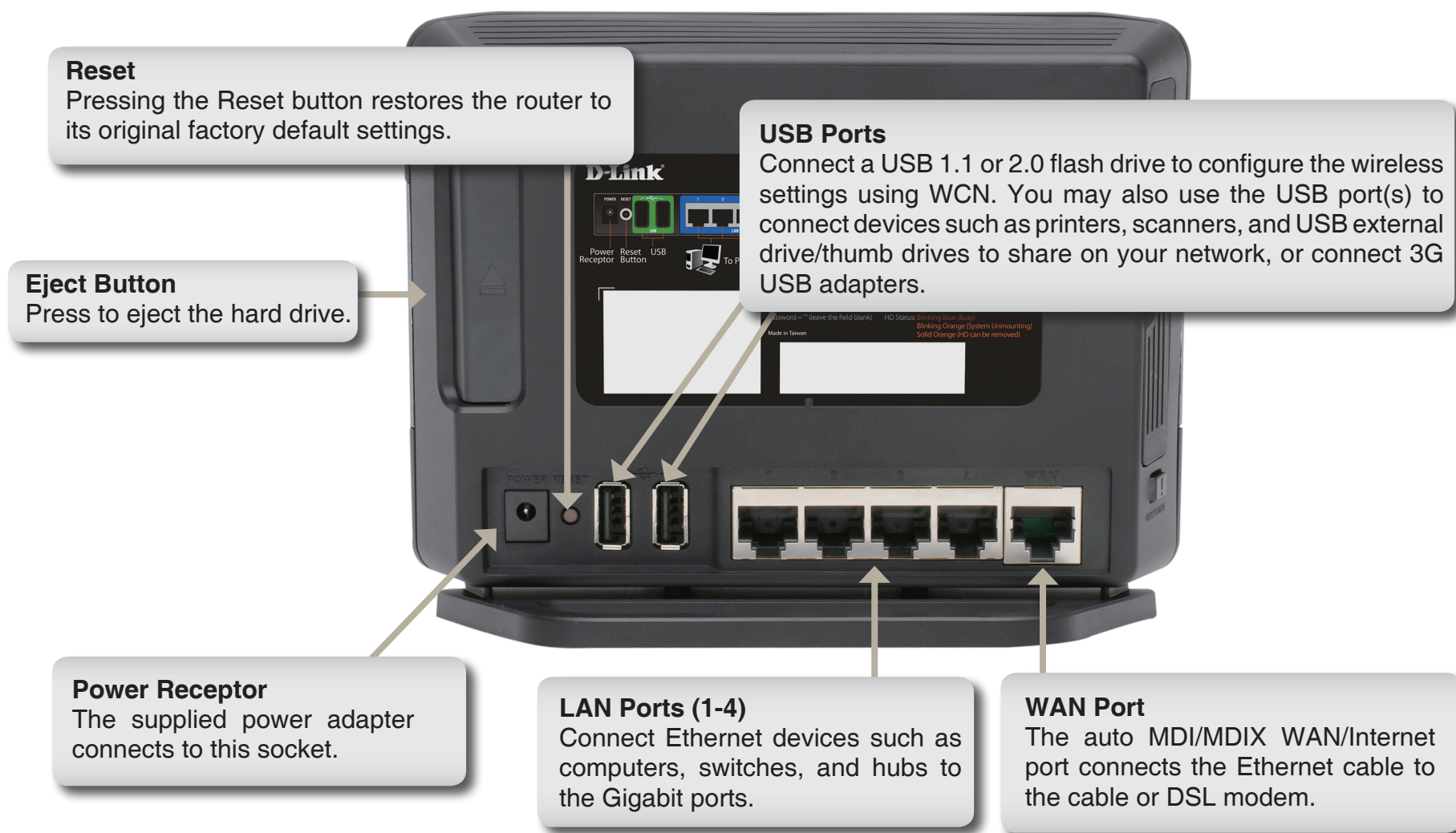
Features

- **Faster Wireless Networking** - The DIR-685 provides up to a 300Mbps* wireless connection to other 802.11n wireless clients. This capability allows users to participate in real-time activities online, such as video streaming, online gaming, and real-time audio. The performance of this 802.11n wireless router gives you the freedom of wireless networking at speeds that are up to 650% faster than 802.11g.
- **Compatible with 802.11g Devices** - The DIR-685 is still fully compatible with the IEEE 802.11g standard, so it can connect with existing 802.11b/g PCI, USB and Cardbus adapters.
- **Advanced Firewall Features** - The Web-based user interface displays a number of advanced network management features including:
 - **Content Filtering** - Easily applied content filtering based on MAC Address, URL, and/or Domain Name.
 - **Filter Scheduling** - These filters can be scheduled to be active on certain days or for a duration of hours or minutes.
 - **Secure Multiple/Concurrent Sessions** - The DIR-685 can pass through VPN sessions. It supports multiple and concurrent IPsec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DIR-685 can securely access corporate networks.
- **User-friendly Setup Wizard** - Through its easy-to-use Web-based user interface, the DIR-685 lets you control what information is accessible to those on the wireless network, whether from the Internet or from your company's server. Configure your router to your specific settings within minutes.

* Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g, and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental conditions will adversely affect wireless signal range.

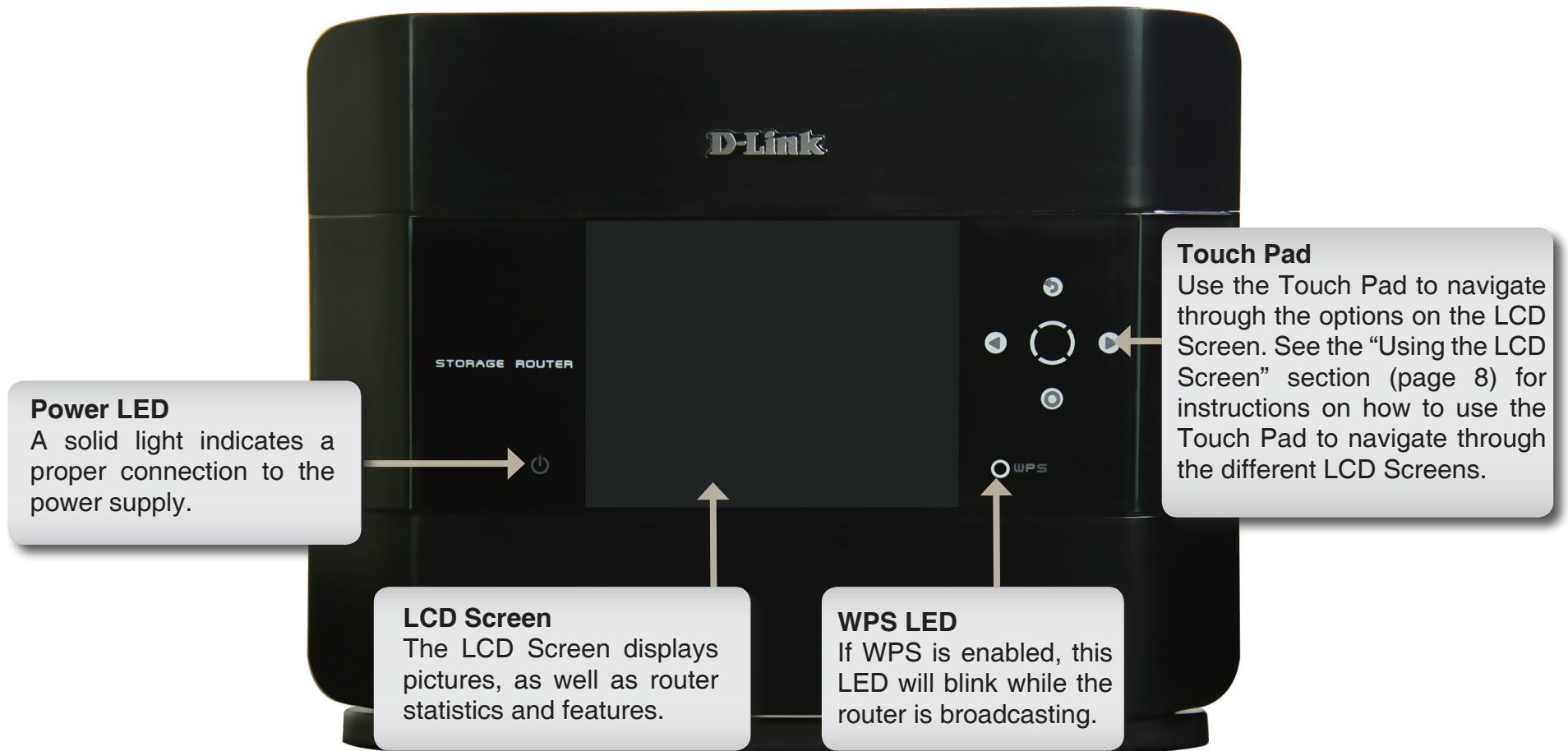
Hardware Overview

Connections



Hardware Overview

Front View



Hardware Overview

Side View

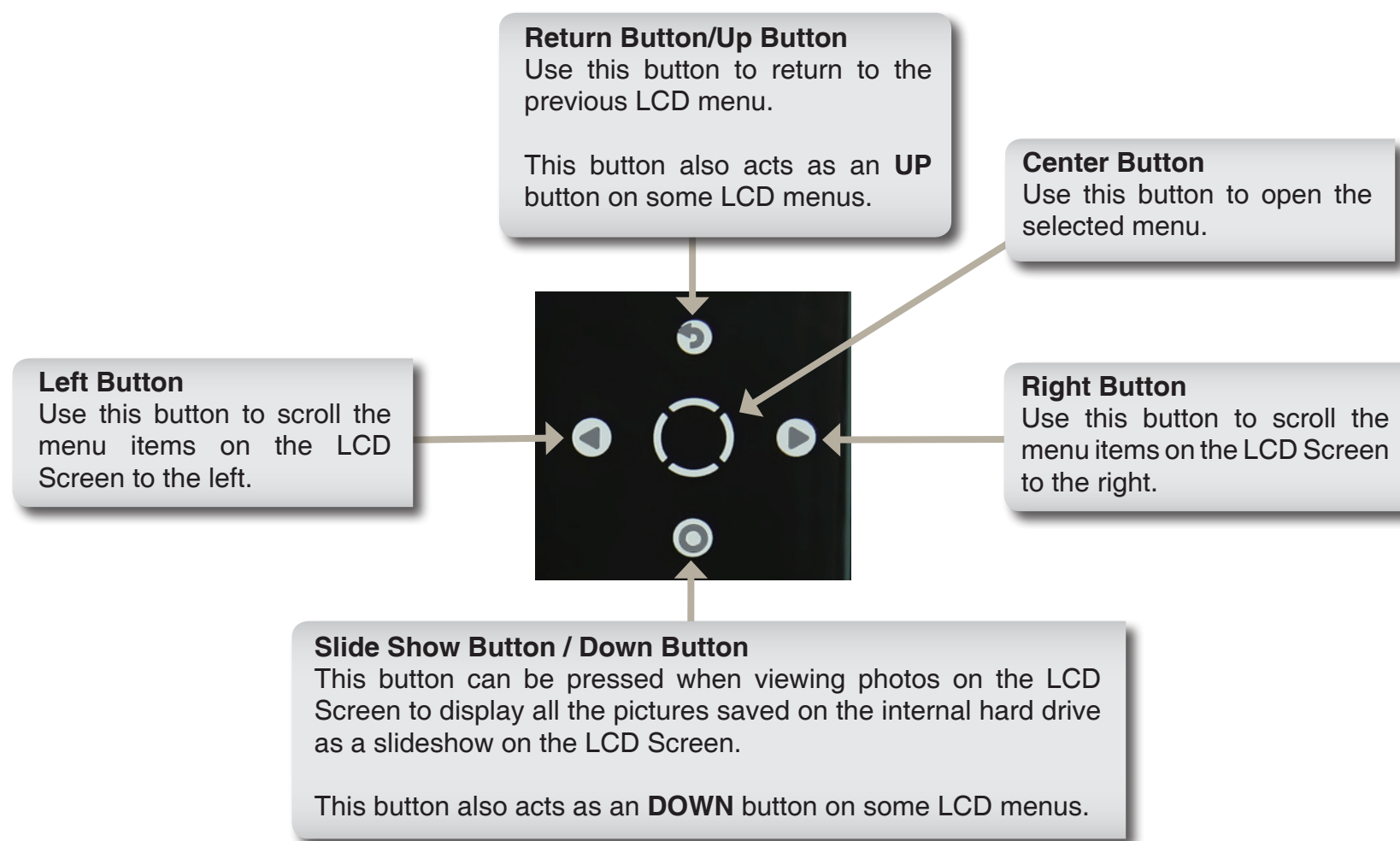


Hardware Overview

Using the LCD Screen

The DIR-685 features an LCD Screen that can be used to display router statistics and change some basic settings.

Use the touch pad buttons to control the LCD Screen as indicated below:



The following screens can be viewed on the LCD Screen using the Touch Pad buttons:

- **Time / Date** - The router displays the date and time when the device has been left idle for the amount of time specified in the **Setup > LCD Setup** configuration screen.
- **Router Statistics** - The Router Statistics screen displays the send/receive rates of the different router interfaces.
- **Status** - The following screens can be viewed after selecting the Status screen:
 - **General Router Info** - Displays the Model Name, Hardware Version, Firmware Version, and System Up Time of the Router. The **New Firmware** field informs the user if there is a new firmware version available from the D-Link website.
 - **Internet Status** - Displays the Internet Connection Type, Cable Status, Network Status, Connection Time, MAC Address, IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway of the Internet Connection.
 - **Wired Status** - Displays the MAC Address, IP Address, Subnet Mask, DHCP Server, and the status of each Ethernet connection on the Router.
 - **Wireless Status** - Displays the Wireless Radio status, Wireless Channel, SSID of the Host network, SSID of the Guest network, the enabled 802.11 modes, the Security mode enabled for the Host Zone, the Security mode enabled for the Guest Zone, MAC Address of the Wireless Radio and the WPS PIN number.
 - **Hard Disk Status** - Displays information about the Hard Drive installed in the 2.5" Hard Drive bay including the amount of available space, the make and model, disk format, total capacity, used disk space, available disk space, disk health, and disk temperature.
- **WPS** - The WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) screen allows you to add your router into an existing network via a PIN number, or allows you to add a new wireless device to the router via Push Button Configuration (PBC). Use the touch pad buttons to select the desired option.

- **Photos** - The Photos screen allows you to view photos that are stored on the internal hard drive or on a USB Storage device connected to the Router.
- **FrameChannel** - Use the FrameChannel window to obtain an activation code so that you can register the DIR-685 on the FrameChannel website and view the pictures associated with your FrameChannel account on the LCD Screen.

Hardware Overview

LEDs

The DIR-685 has LEDs for Power, WPS, and Hard Drive Status.

See the table below for detailed information about the LEDs:

LED INDICATOR	COLOR	STATUS	DESCRIPTION
Power	Blue	Off	The device is powered off.
		Solid Blue	The device is powered on.
WPS	Blue	Off	WPS is ready to be triggered.
		Blinking Blue	WPS has been triggered and is processing.
		Solid Blue	WPS signal has been successfully established. The LED will remain solid blue for 5 seconds.
Unmount (Hard Drive Status)	Blue	Off	No hard drive detected.
		Blinking Blue	Hard drive is busy or the system is mounting the hard drive.
		Solid Blue	Hard drive has been detected and is idle.
	Orange	Blinking Orange	System is un-mounting the hard drive.
		Solid Orange	The hard drive can be removed safely.

Installation

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, attic or garage.

Before You Begin

- Please configure the router with the computer that was last connected directly to your modem.
- The router is designed for use with the Ethernet port on your broadband modem. If you were using the USB connection before using the router, you must turn off your modem and disconnect the USB cable. Connect an Ethernet cable to the WAN/Internet port on the router, and then turn the modem back on. In some cases, you may need to call your ISP to change your connection type (USB to Ethernet).
- If you have DSL and are connecting via PPPoE, be sure to disable or uninstall any PPPoE software such as WinPoet, Broadjump, or Enternet 300 from your computer. Otherwise you will not be able to connect to the Internet.
- When running the Setup Wizard from the D-Link CD, make sure your computer is connected to the Internet and is online, otherwise the wizard will not work. If you have disconnected any hardware, first re-connect your computer to the modem and make sure you are online.

Wireless Installation Considerations

The DIR-685 lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or office. The key to maximizing the wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum. Each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3 to 90 feet (1 to 30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls and/or ceilings is minimized.
2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (0.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick. Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
3. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through open doorways and drywall. Materials such as glass, metal, brick, insulation, concrete and water can affect wireless performance. Large objects such as fish tanks, mirrors, file cabinets, metal doors and aluminum studs may also have a negative effect on range.
4. Keep your product at least 3 to 6 feet (1-2 meters) away from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
5. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones, make sure that the 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless device as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use. In some cases, cordless phones, X-10 wireless devices, and electronic equipment such as ceiling fans, fluorescent lights, and home security systems may dramatically degrade wireless connectivity.

Connect to Cable/DSL/Satellite Modem

If you are connecting the router to a cable/DSL/satellite modem, please follow the steps below:

1. Place the router in an open and central location. Do not plug the power adapter into the router.
2. Turn the power off on your modem. If there is no on/off switch, unplug the modem's power adapter. Shut down your computer.
3. Unplug the Ethernet cable (that connects your computer to your modem) from your computer and place it into the WAN port on the router.
4. Plug an Ethernet cable into one of the four LAN ports on the router. Plug the other end into the Ethernet port on your computer.
5. Turn on or plug in your modem. Wait for the modem to boot (about 30 seconds).
6. Plug the power adapter into the router and connect to an outlet or power strip. Wait about 30 seconds for the router to boot up.
7. Turn on your computer.
8. Verify that the Power LED and the LCD display on the router are lit. If the Power LED does not light up, make sure your computer, modem, and router are powered, on and verify that the cables connected correctly.
9. Skip to page 18 to configure your router.

Connect to Another Router

If you are connecting the D-Link router to another router to use as a wireless access point and/or switch, you will have to do the following before connecting the router to your network:

- Disable UPnP™
- Disable DHCP
- Change the LAN IP address to an available address on your network. The LAN ports on the router cannot accept a DHCP address from another router.

To connect to another router, please follow the steps below:

1. Plug the power into the router. Connect a computer to the router (LAN port) using an Ethernet cable. Make sure your IP address on the computer is 192.168.0.xxx (where xxx is between 2 and 254). Please see the **Networking Basics** section for more information. If you need to change the settings, write down your existing settings before making any changes. In most cases, your computer should be set to receive an IP address automatically, in which case you will not have to do anything to your computer.
2. Open a web browser, type **http://192.168.0.1** into the address bar, and press **Enter**. When the login window appears, set the user name to **Admin** and leave the password box empty. Click **Log In** to continue.
3. Click on **Advanced** and then click **Advanced Network**. Uncheck the Enable UPnP checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
4. Click **Setup** and then click **Network Setup**. Uncheck the Enable DHCP Server server checkbox. Click **Save Settings** to continue.
5. Under Router Settings, enter an available IP address and the subnet mask of your network. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. Use this new IP address to access the configuration utility of the router in the future. Close the browser and change your computer's IP settings back to the original values as in Step 1.

6. Disconnect the Ethernet cable from the router and reconnect your computer to your network.
7. Connect an Ethernet cable into one of the LAN ports of the router and connect it to your other router. Do not plug anything into the WAN/Internet port of the D-Link router.
8. You may now use the other 3 LAN ports to connect other Ethernet devices and computers. To configure your wireless network, open a web browser and enter the IP address you assigned to the router. Refer to the **Configuration** and **Wireless Security** sections for more information on setting up your wireless network.

Install/Remove a Hard Drive

The DIR-685 includes the option to install a 2.5" SATA hard disk for network storage functions. Standard 2.5" hard drives of any capacity can be used with the DIR-685.

To install a hard drive:

Warning: The DIR-685 uses the ext3 file system. If the inserted hard drive uses any file system other than ext3, such as FAT or NTFS the drive will be reformatted.

All pre-existing data will be erased in this process. If the inserted hard drive is already ext3 formatted, any pre-existing data will remain intact.

1. Open the hard drive bay. The router can be powered on during installation.
2. Insert your hard drive into the bay with the label facing towards the back of the router.
3. Push hard drive firmly into the bay.
4. Close the hard drive bay door.
5. The **Detect Hard Drive Success** message will appear on the LCD screen. Press the center button to continue.



To remove a hard drive:

Warning: Do NOT eject the hard drive without first pressing the unmount button located below the hard drive bay.

1. Open the hard drive bay door.
2. Press the **unmount** button. The button will blink orange for a few seconds.
3. Once the unmount button is solid orange, press the eject button located on the opposite side.
4. Pull the hard drive out.

Caution: The hard drive may be hot. Use caution when handling.

Getting Started

The DIR-685 includes a Quick Router Setup Wizard CD. Follow the simple steps below to run the Setup Wizard to guide you quickly through the installation process.

Insert the **Quick Router Setup Wizard CD** in the CD-ROM drive. The step-by-step instructions that follow are shown in Windows® XP. The steps and screens are similar for the other Windows operating systems.

If the CD Autorun function does not automatically start on your computer, go to **Start > Run**. Type **D:\DIR685.exe** (where **D:** represents the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive) and press enter.

When the autorun screen appears, click **Install Router**.

Note: You may write down the login password on the provided CD holder as a reminder.

LCD Screen Options

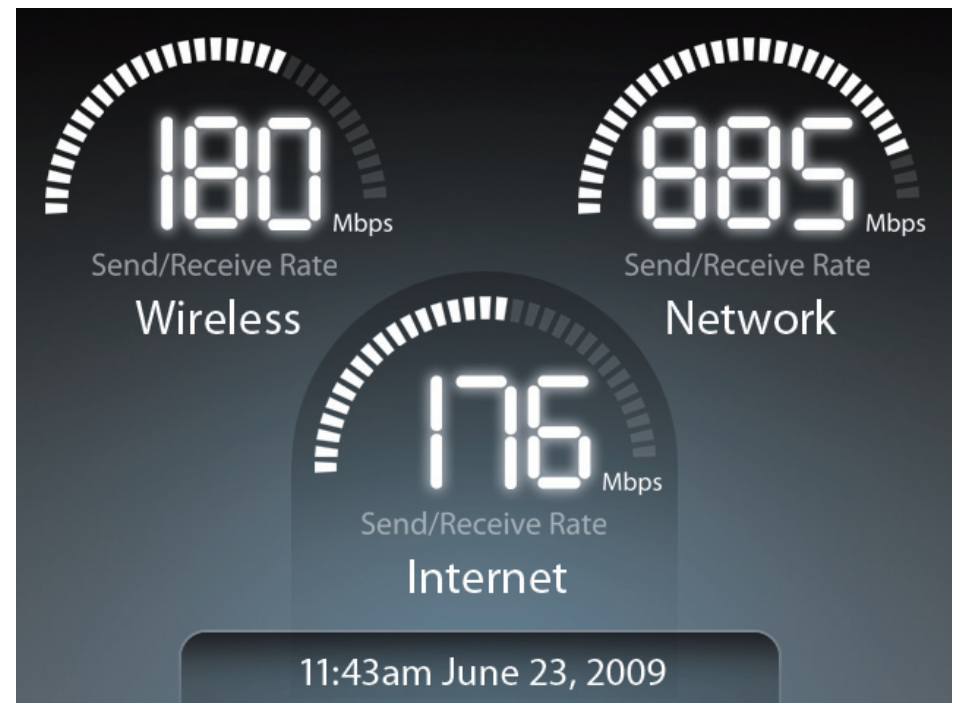
Router Statistics

The **Router Statistics** displays basic information about router performance.

Wireless: The send and receive rate of your wireless traffic.

Network: The send and receive rate of your network (LAN) traffic.

Internet: The send and receive rate of your Internet (WAN) traffic.



Status

General Router Info

The **General Router Information** screen displays basic information about the device.

Model Name: The model of the router (DIR-685).

Hardware Version: The hardware revision of the router.

Firmware Version: The current firmware version of the router.

System Up Time: Displays how long the router has been on.

New Firmware: Displays if there is a new firmware available for upgrading the router.



Internet Status

The **Internet Status** screen displays IP address information and information about the WAN/Internet connection.

Connection Type: The Internet connection type (Dynamic, PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP, or Static).

Cable Status: The connection status of the Internet port.

Network Status: The connection status of the Internet.

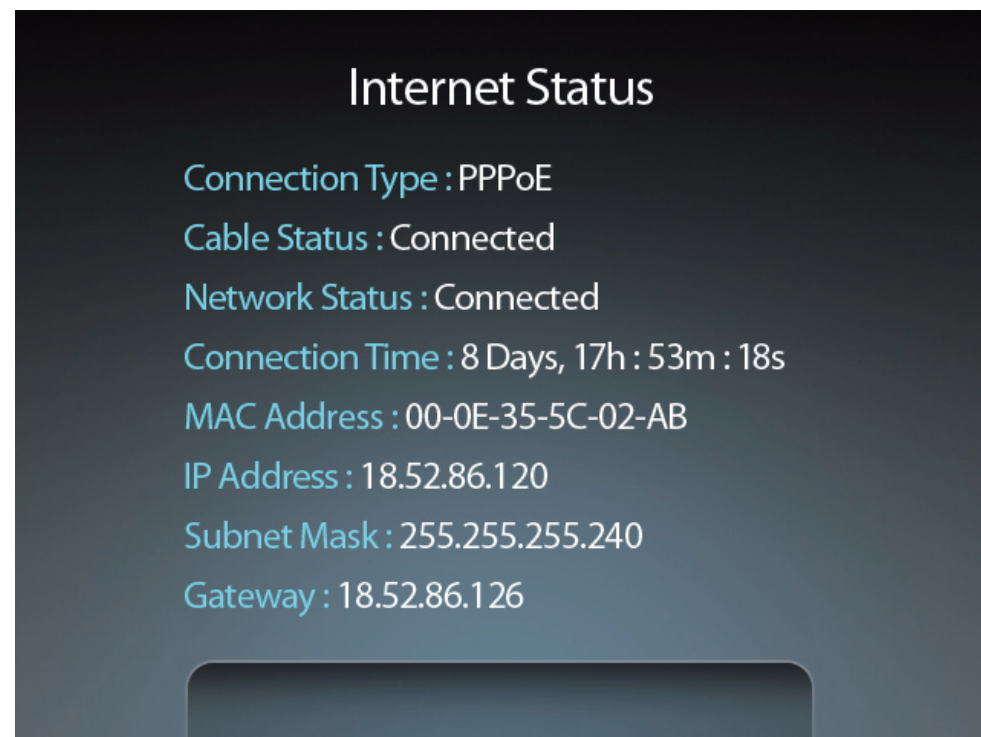
Connection Time: The amount of time that the router has been connected to the Internet.

MAC Address: The MAC address of the Internet port on the router.

IP Address: The IP address of the router (Internet port).

Subnet Mask: The subnet mask of the router.

Gateway: The gateway IP address of the router.



Wired Status

The **Wired Status** screen displays information about the wired network.

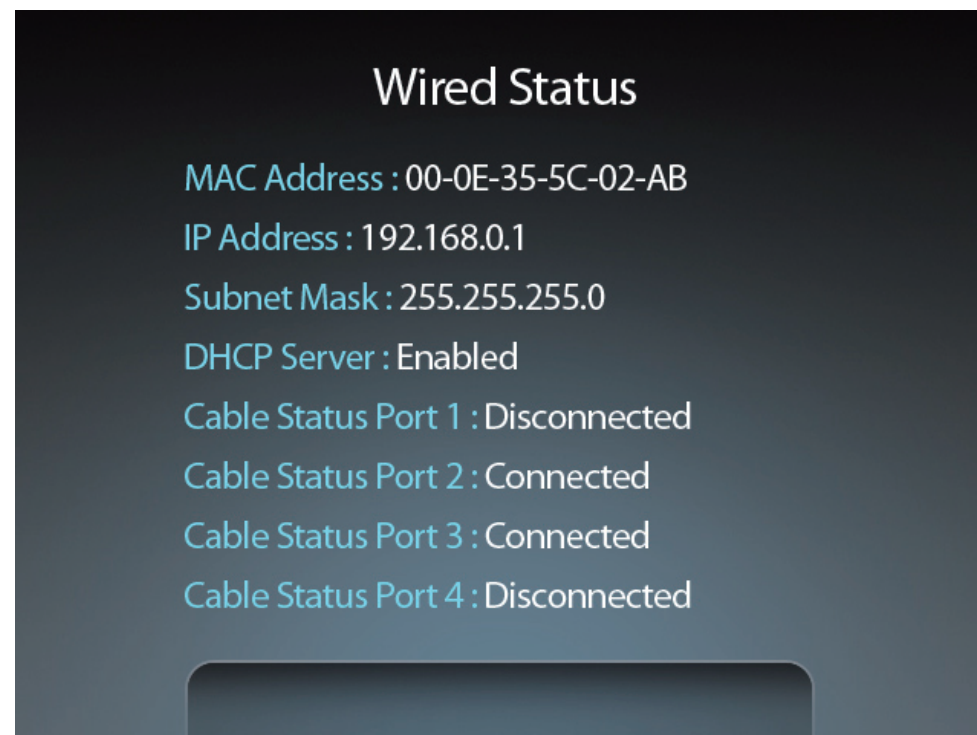
MAC Address: The MAC address of the router (LAN).

IP Address: The IP address of the router (LAN).

Subnet Mask: The subnet mask of the router.

DHCP Status: Displays whether the router's DHCP server is enabled or disabled.

Cable Status Port 1/2/3/4: Displays the connection status of each of the 4 LAN ports.



Wireless Status

The **Wireless Status** screen displays basic information about the router's wireless network.

Wireless Radio: Displays the status of the wireless function of the router (Enabled or Disabled).

Wireless Channel: Displays the channel of your wireless network.

Host Network Name (SSID): The SSID of the wireless network.

Guest Network Name (SSID): The SSID of the guest wireless network.

802.11 Mode: The IEEE 802.11 mode(s) used on the router.

Host Zone Security Mode: Displays the encryption used on the host wireless network.

Guest Zone Security Mode: Displays the encryption used on the guest wireless network.

MAC Address: The wireless MAC address of the router.

WPS PIN Number: The current WPS PIN number for the router.



Hard Disk Status

The **Hard Disk Status** screen will display information about the internal removable hard disk drive, if one is installed.

HD: The brand/model of the hard drive.

Format: The format of the hard drive (EXT3).

Capacity: The total capacity of the hard drive.

Used: The amount of space used on the hard drive.

Available: The space available on the hard drive.

Disk Health: The hard drive health status.

Disk Temp: The temperature of the hard drive.



WPS

The **Wi-Fi Protected Setup™** screen offers two options for setting up Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS):

PIN: PIN: Select this option to use PIN method. In order to use this method you must enter the wireless client's eight digit PIN and then click **Connect**.

Push Button: Select this option to use PBC (Push Button) method to add a wireless client. Click **Connect**.



Router Settings

LCD Saving Settings

The **Adjust Display Sleep Time** screen will appear. Use the left and right arrow buttons to select the amount of inactive time before the LCD display goes to sleep.

To save your settings, press the up arrow. You will be prompted to select **Yes** or **No**. Press the left button to select **Yes** and press the center button.

Clock Display Setting

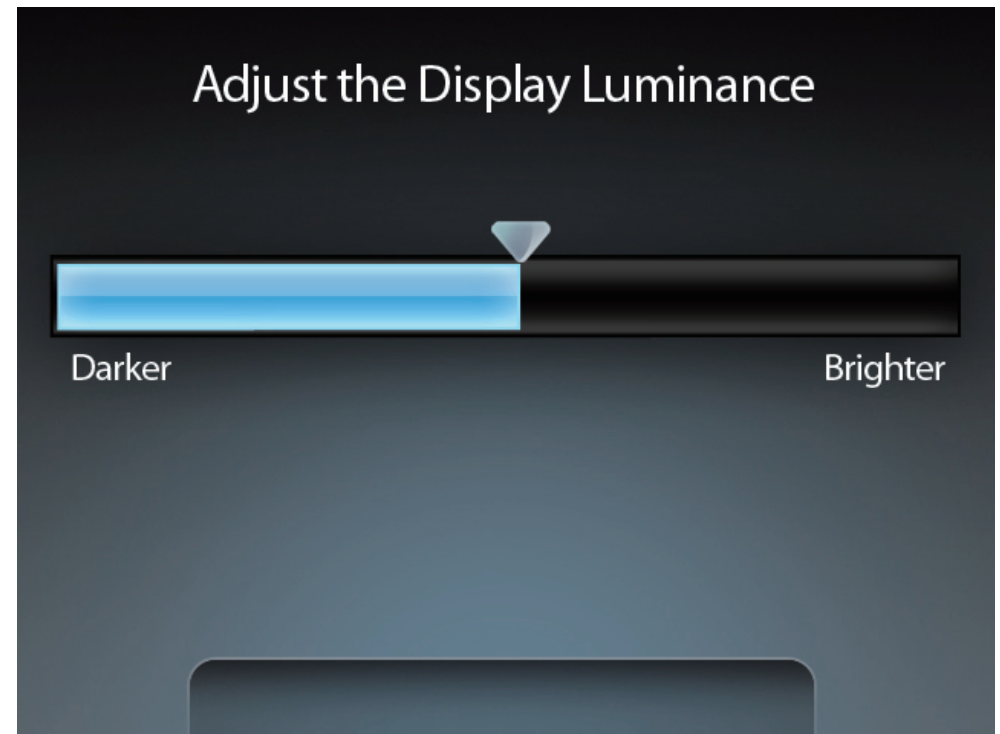
Select **Yes** if you want the clock displayed on the LCD screen when asleep. Select **No** to have the LCD screen off when asleep.

LCD Luminance Settings

The **LCD Luminance Settings** screen will allow you to adjust the brightness of the LCD screen.

Press the left arrow to make the LCD screen darker or press the right arrow to make it brighter.

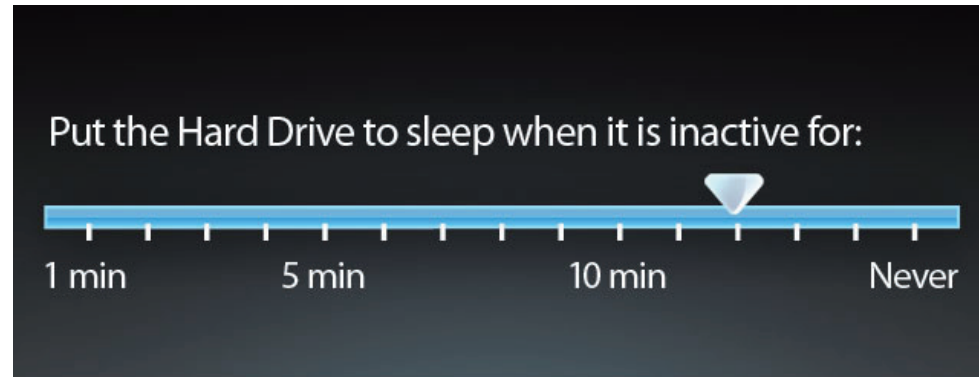
To save your settings, press the up arrow. You will be prompted to select **Yes** or **No**. Press the left button to select **Yes** and press the center button.



Hard Disk Saving Settings

The **Hard Disk Saving Settings** screen will allow you to set the duration of inactivity before the hard drive goes to sleep.

To save your settings, press the up arrow. You will be prompted to select **Yes** or **No**. Press the left button to select **Yes** and press the center button.



Photos

Select the hard drive or removable storage device that contains the images you want to display on the LCD screen and press the center button. Select the folder or subfolder that you would like to display and press the center button.

Thumbnails of the available images will appear. Select an image and press the center button. This will start the slideshow and display all images in the selected folder.

Configuration

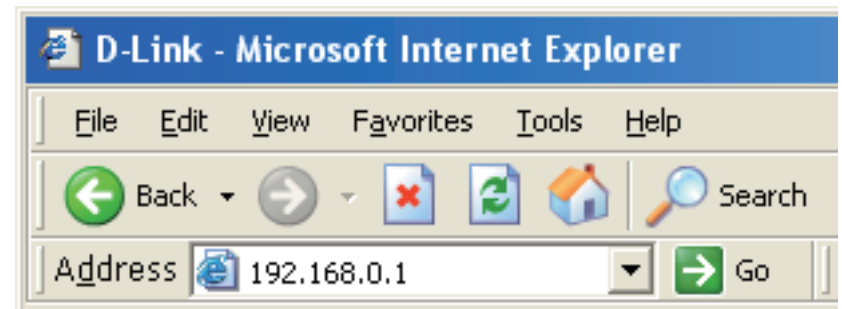
This section will show you how to configure your D-Link wireless router using the web-based configuration utility.

Web-based Configuration Utility

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).

Log into the Router as follows:

- Select **Admin** from the drop-down menu and then enter your password. Leave the password blank by default.
- Type the characters that appear in the picture at the bottom of the window into the field above the picture and click the **Log In** button to log into the Router. Click the **Regenerate** button if you would like to generate a new code.
- If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.



Internet Connection Setup Wizard

You may click **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** to quickly configure your router. Refer to the next page for more information.

If you would like to configure your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** and skip to page 23.

The screenshot displays the D-Link DIR-685 web interface. At the top is the D-Link logo. Below it is a navigation bar with tabs: DIR-685, SETUP, ADVANCED, STORAGE, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The SETUP tab is selected. On the left side, there is a sidebar menu with options: Internet Setup, Wireless Setup, Network Setup, and LCD Setup. The main content area is titled 'INTERNET SETUP' and contains the following sections:

- INTERNET SETUP**: A text block stating, 'If you are configuring the device for the first time, we recommend that you click on the Internet Connection Setup Wizard button and follow the instructions on the screen. If you wish to modify or configure the device settings manually, click the Manual Internet Connection Setup button.'
- INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD**: A text block stating, 'If you would like to utilize our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in connecting your new D-Link Systems Router to the Internet, click on the button below.' Below this text is a button labeled 'Internet Connection Setup Wizard'.
- MANUAL INTERNET CONNECTION OPTIONS**: A text block stating, 'If you would like to configure the Internet settings of your new D-Link Router manually, then click on the button below.' Below this text is a button labeled 'Manual Internet Connection Setup'.

On the right side of the main content area, there is a 'Helpful Hints..' section with two bullet points:

- If you are new to networking and have never configured a router before, click on **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running.
- If you consider yourself an advanced user and have configured a router before, click **Manual Internet Connection Setup** to input all the settings manually.

Below the hints is a link labeled 'More...'.

Click **Next** to continue.

Create a new password and then click **Next** to continue.

Select your time zone from the drop-down menu and then click **Next** to continue.

Select the type of Internet connection you use and then click **Next** to continue.

WELCOME TO THE D-LINK SETUP WIZARD

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

- Step 1: Set your Password
- Step 2: Select your Time Zone
- Step 3: Configure your Internet Connection
- Step 4: Save Settings and Connect

Next Cancel

STEP 1: SET YOUR PASSWORD

By default, your new D-Link Router does not have a password configured for administrator access to the Web-based configuration pages. To secure your new networking device, please set and verify a password below:

Password :

Confirm Password :

Prev Next Cancel

STEP 2: SELECT YOUR TIME ZONE

Select the appropriate time zone for your location. This information is required to configure the time-based options for the router.

(GMT+08:00) Taipei

Prev Next Cancel

STEP 3: CONFIGURE YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION

☐ **DHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Username / Password Connection (PPPoE)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Username / Password Connection (PPTP)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Username / Password Connection (L2TP)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

☐ **Static IP Address Connection**
Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that needs to be configured manually.

☐ **Russia PPTP (Dual Access)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online as well as a static route to access the Internet Service Provider's internal network. Certain ISPs in Russia use this type of connection.

☒ **Russia PPPoE (Dual Access)**
Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online as well as a static route to access the Internet Service Provider's internal network. Certain ISPs in Russia use this type of connection.

Prev Next Cancel

If you selected **Dynamic**, you may need to enter the MAC address of the computer that was last connected directly to your modem. If you are currently using that computer, click **Clone MAC Address** and then click **Next** to continue.

The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. The default host name is the device name of the Router and may be changed.

If you selected **PPPoE** or **Russia PPPoE**, enter your PPPoE username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses.

Note: Make sure to remove any PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

If you selected **PPTP** or **Russia PPTP**, enter your PPTP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

DHCP CONNECTION (DYNAMIC IP ADDRESS)

To set up this connection, please make sure that you are connected to the D-Link Router using the PC that was originally connected to your broadband connection. If you are, then click the Clone MAC Address button to copy your computer's MAC Address to the D-Link Router.

MAC Address : - - - - - (Optional)

Host Name :

Note: You may also need to provide a Host Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPPOE)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : ☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

IP Address :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

Service Name : (Optional)

Note: You may also need to provide a Service Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need a PPTP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : ☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

PPTP IP Address :

PPTP Subnet Mask :

PPTP Gateway IP Address :

PPTP Server IP Address (may be same as gateway) :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

If you selected **L2TP**, enter your L2TP username and password. Click **Next** to continue.

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (L2TP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need an L2TP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

Address Mode : ☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

L2TP IP Address :

L2TP Subnet Mask :

L2TP Gateway IP Address :

L2TP Server IP Address (may be same as gateway) :

User Name :

Password :

Verify Password :

If you selected **Static**, enter your network settings supplied by your Internet provider. Click **Next** to continue.

SET STATIC IP ADDRESS CONNECTION

To set up this connection you will need to have a complete list of all the IP information provided by your Internet Service Provider. If you have a Static IP connection and do not have this information, please contact your ISP.

IP Address :

Subnet Mask :

Gateway Address :

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (Optional)

Click **Connect** to save your settings. Once the router has finished rebooting, click **Continue**. Please allow 1-2 minutes to connect.

Close your browser window and reopen it to test your Internet connection. It may take a few tries to initially connect to the Internet.

Manual Internet Connection Setup

Access Point Mode: Tick the **Enable Access Point Mode** checkbox if you want to disable NAT on the router and turn it into an Access Point.

Internet Connection Type: Use the **My Internet Connection is** drop-down menu to select the mode that the router should use to connect to the Internet.

INTERNET CONNECTION

Use this section to configure your Internet Connection method. There are several connection methods to choose from: Static IP, DHCP, PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP, Russian PPTP(Dual Access) and Russian PPPoE(Dual Access). If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your Internet Service Provider.

Note: If using the PPPoE option, you will need to remove or disable any PPPoE client software on your computers.

ACCESS POINT MODE

Use this to disable NAT on the router and turn it into an Access Point.

☐ Enable Access Point Mode

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is :

Manual Internet Configuration

Static IP (assigned by ISP)

Select Static IP if all the WAN/Internet port's IP information is provided to you by your ISP. You will need to enter in the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, and DNS address(es) provided to you by your ISP. Each IP address entered must be in the appropriate IP form, which consists of four three-digit numbers separated by a dot (x.x.x.x). The router will not accept the IP address if it is not in this format.

IP Address: Enter the IP address assigned by your ISP.


Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask assigned by your ISP.


ISP Gateway Address: Enter the Gateway assigned by your ISP.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the WAN/Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone MAC Address** button to replace the WAN port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Primary / Secondary DNS Address: Enter the IP addresses of the Primary and Secondary DNS servers supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider).

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.	
My Internet Connection is :	Static IP 

STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE	
Enter the static IP address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).	
IP Address :	194.22.11.224 (assigned by your ISP)
Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.0
ISP Gateway Address :	194.22.11.1
MAC Address :	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> (optional)
	
Primary DNS Address :	194.254.254.1
Secondary DNS Address :	<input type="text"/> (optional)
MTU :	1500

Manual Internet Configuration

Dynamic IP (DHCP)

My Internet Connection is: Select **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** to obtain IP Address information automatically from your ISP. Select this option if your ISP does not give you any IP numbers to use. This option is commonly used for cable modem services.

Host Name: The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the WAN/Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone MAC Address** button to replace the WAN/Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Primary / Secondary DNS Address: Enter the IP addresses of the Primary and Secondary DNS servers supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider).

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is :

DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Use this Internet connection type if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) didn't provide you with IP Address information and/or a username and password.

Host Name :

MAC Address : - - - - - (optional)

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

MTU :

Manual Internet Configuration

PPPoE (DSL)

Choose PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) if your ISP uses a PPPoE connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

Address Mode: Select **Static PPPoE** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic PPPoE**.

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the **Confirm Password** box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the WAN/Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone MAC Address** button to replace the WAN/Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

DNS Address: Click the **Receive DNS from ISP** radio button to automatically obtain the IP addresses of the DNS Servers for your Internet connection from your ISP. Click the **Enter DNS Manually** radio button to enter the DNS IP addresses manually. If choosing the manual option, enter the IP addresses of the Primary and Secondary DNS servers supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider) in the DNS Addresses textbox.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : PPPoE (Username / Password)

PPPOE

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

☒ Dynamic PPPoE
 ☐ Static PPPoE

User Name :

Password :

Confirm Password :

Service Name : (optional)

IP Address :

MAC Address : - - - - - (optional)

☒ Receive DNS from ISP
 ☐ Enter DNS Manually

Primary DNS Address :

Secondary DNS Address : (optional)

Maximum Idle Time : Minutes

MTU :

Connect mode select : ☐ Always ☒ Manual ☒ Connect-on demand

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

Connect mode select: Use the drop-down menu to select a Schedule that determines when the router should try reconnecting to the Internet in the event that the Internet connection is lost. The router will list the Schedules that have been defined in the **Tools > Schedule** window. Click the **New Schedule** button to open the **Tools > Schedules** window and create a new schedule (see page 88 for instructions on how to create a New Schedule).

Click the **Manual** radio button to specify that the Internet connection should be re-established manually, in the event of the router losing its Internet connection.

Click the **Connect-on demand** radio button to specify that an Internet connection will only establish when a user or application tries to access the Internet.

Manual Internet Configuration

PPTP

Choose PPTP (Point-to-Point-Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a PPTP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static IP** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic IP**.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask of the PPTP connection. (Static PPTP only).

Gateway: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

DNS: Enter the IP address of the DNS Server supplied by your ISP.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the WAN/Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone MAC Address** button to replace the WAN/Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Server IP/Name: Enter the IP address or DNS Name of the PPTP Server provided by your ISP.

PPTP Account: Enter your PPTP username.

PPTP Password: Enter your PPTP password and then retype the password in the **PPTP Confirm Password** box.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : PPTP (Username / Password)

PPTP

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

☒ Dynamic IP
 ☐ Static IP

IP Address : (assigned by your ISP)

Subnet Mask :

Gateway :

DNS :

MAC Address : - - - - - (optional)

Clone MAC Address

Server IP/Name :

PPTP Account :

PPTP Password :

PPTP Confirm Password :

Maximum Idle Time : Minutes

MTU :

Connect mode select : ☐ Always ☐ Manual ☒ Connect-on demand New Schedule

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

Connect mode select: Use the drop-down menu to select a Schedule that determines when the router should try reconnecting to the Internet in the event that the Internet connection is lost. The router will list the Schedules that have been defined in the **Tools > Schedule** window. Click the **New Schedule** button to open the **Tools > Schedules** window and create a new schedule (see page 88 for instructions on how to create a New Schedule).

Click the **Manual** radio button to specify that the Internet connection should be re-established manually, in the event of the router losing its Internet connection.

Click the **Connect-on demand** radio button to specify that an Internet connection will only establish when a user or application tries to access the Internet.

Manual Internet Configuration

L2TP

Choose L2TP (Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol) if your ISP uses a L2TP connection. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic**.

IP Address: Enter the L2TP IP address supplied by your ISP (Static only).

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask supplied by your ISP (Static only).

Gateway: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

DNS: Enter the IP address of the DNS Server supplied by your ISP.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the WAN/Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone MAC Address** button to replace the WAN/Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Server IP/Name: Enter the L2TP Server IP address or name provided by your ISP (optional).

L2TP Account: Enter your L2TP username.

L2TP Password: Enter your L2TP password and then retype the password in the **L2TP Confirm Password** box.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : L2TP (Username / Password) ▼

L2TP

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

IP Address : (assigned by your ISP)

Subnet Mask :

Gateway :

DNS :

MAC Address : - - - - - (optional)

Clone MAC Address

Server IP/Name :

L2TP Account :

L2TP Password :

L2TP Confirm Password :

Maximum Idle Time : Minutes

MTU :

Connect mode select : ☐ Always ☐ Manual ☒ Connect-on demand

New Schedule

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, select **Always** from the **Connect mode select:** drop-down menu.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

Connect mode select: Use the drop-down menu to select a Schedule that determines when the router should try reconnecting to the Internet in the event that the Internet connection is lost. The router will list the Schedules that have been defined in the **Tools > Schedule** window. Click the **New Schedule** button to open the **Tools > Schedules** window and create a new schedule (see page 88 for instructions on how to create a New Schedule).

Click the **Manual** radio button to specify that the Internet connection should be re-established manually, in the event of the router losing its Internet connection.

Click the **Connect-on demand** radio button to specify that an Internet connection will only establish when a user or application tries to access the Internet.

Manual Internet Configuration

3G USB Adapter

Choose 3G USB Adapter if you are going to use a 3G USB Adapter to connect to the Internet. Your 3G service provider will provide you with a username and password.

Country: Use the drop-down menu to select the country you are connecting to the Internet from.

ISP: Use the drop-down menu to select the mobile phone company that is providing your 3G connection.

User Name: Enter the User Name you will use to connect to the 3G service.

Password: Enter your 3G connection password.

Dial Number: Enter the phone number used to connect to your 3G service.

Authentication Protocol: Use the drop-down menu to select the authentication protocol used by your 3G service provider.

APN: Enter the Access Point Name (APN) of your 3G connection.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : 3G USB Adapter

WWAN INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Country : choose your country

ISP : choose your isp

User Name : (optional)

Password : (optional)

Dial Number :

Authentication Protocol : Auto (PAP + CHAP)

APN : (optional)

Reconnect Mode : ☒ Always-on ☐ Manual ☐ Connect-on demand

Maximum Idle Time : 2 (minutes, 0=infinite)

MTU : 1492 (bytes)(128-1492)

Reconnect Mode: Click the **Always-on** radio button to specify that the router should automatically reconnect to the Internet in the event that the router loses its Internet connection.

Click the **Manual** radio button to specify that the Internet connection will need to be connected manually.

Click the **On-Demand** radio button to specify that an Internet connection will only establish when a user or application tries to access the Internet.

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, select the **Always-on** radio button in the Reconnect Mode section.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

Manual Internet Configuration

Russia PPTP (Dual Access)

If you are in Russia and your ISP uses a PPTP connection, choose Russia PPTP (Dual Access) from the drop-down menu. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services.

Address Mode: Select **Static IP** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, gateway, and DNS server addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic IP**.

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPTP only).

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask of the PPTP connection. (Static PPTP only).

Gateway: Enter the Gateway IP Address provided by your ISP.

DNS: Enter the IP address of the DNS Server supplied by your ISP.

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the WAN/Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone MAC Address** button to replace the WAN/Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

Server IP/Name: Enter the IP address or DNS Name of the PPTP Server provided by your ISP.

PPTP Account: Enter your PPTP username.

PPTP Password: Enter your PPTP password and then retype the password in the **PPTP Confirm Password** box.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : Russia PPTP (Dual Access)

RUSSIA PPTP (DUAL ACCESS)

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP

IP Address : (assigned by your ISP)

Subnet Mask :

Gateway :

DNS :

MAC Address : - - - - - (optional)

Clone MAC Address

Server IP/Name :

PPTP Account : MPPE : ☐

PPTP Password :

PPTP Confirm Password :

Maximum Idle Time : Minutes

MTU :

Connect mode select : ☐ Always ☐ Manual ☒ Connect-on demand

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.

Connect mode select: Use the drop-down menu to select a Schedule that determines when the router should try reconnecting to the Internet in the event that the Internet connection is lost. The router will list the Schedules that have been defined in the **Tools > Schedule** window. Click the **New Schedule** button to open the **Tools > Schedules** window and create a new schedule (see page 88 for instructions on how to create a New Schedule).

Click the **Manual** radio button to specify that the Internet connection should be re-established manually, in the event of the router losing its Internet connection.

Click the **Connect-on demand** radio button to specify that the Internet connection re-connect when a user or application tries to establish an Internet connection.

Manual Internet Configuration

Russia PPPoE (Dual Access)

If you are in Russia and your ISP uses a PPPoE connection, choose Russia PPPoE (Dual Access) from the drop-down menu. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. Your ISP will provide you with a username and password. This option is typically used for DSL services. Make sure to remove your PPPoE software from your computer. The software is no longer needed and will not work through a router.

Address Mode: Select **Static PPPoE** if your ISP assigned you the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway addresses. In most cases, select **Dynamic PPPoE**.

User Name: Enter your PPPoE user name.

Password: Enter your PPPoE password and then retype the password in the **Confirm Password** box.

Service Name: Enter the ISP Service Name (optional).

IP Address: Enter the IP address (Static PPPoE only).

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the WAN/Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone MAC Address** button to replace the WAN/Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

DNS Address: Click the **Receive DNS from ISP** radio button to automatically obtain the IP addresses of the DNS Servers for your Internet connection from your ISP. Click the **Enter DNS Manually** radio button to enter the DNS IP addresses manually. If choosing the manual option, enter the IP addresses of the Primary and Secondary DNS servers supplied by your ISP (Internet Service Provider) in the DNS Addresses textbox.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.	
My Internet Connection is : Russia PPPoE (Dual Access)	
RUSSIA PPPoE (DUAL ACCESS)	
Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Dynamic PPPoE <input type="radio"/> Static PPPoE	
User Name :	<input type="text" value="test"/> MPPE : <input type="checkbox"/>
Password :	<input type="password" value="....."/>
Confirm Password :	<input type="password" value="....."/>
Service Name :	<input type="text"/> (optional)
IP Address :	<input type="text"/>
MAC Address :	<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> (optional) <input type="button" value="Clone MAC Address"/>
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Receive DNS from ISP <input type="radio"/> Enter DNS Manually	
Primary DNS Address :	<input type="text" value="194.254.254.1"/>
Secondary DNS Address :	<input type="text"/> (optional)
Maximum Idle Time :	<input type="text" value="5"/> Minutes
MTU :	<input type="text" value="1492"/>
Connect mode select :	<input type="radio"/> Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/> <input type="radio"/> Manual <input checked="" type="radio"/> Connect-on demand
WAN PHYSICAL SETTINGS	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Dynamic IP <input type="radio"/> Static IP	
IP Address :	<input type="text"/>
Subnet Mask :	<input type="text"/>
Gateway :	<input type="text"/> (optional)
Primary DNS Address :	<input type="text"/> (optional)
Secondary DNS Address :	<input type="text"/> (optional)

Maximum Idle Time: Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, enable Auto-reconnect.

MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit - You may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.

Connect mode select: Use the drop-down menu to select a Schedule that determines when the router should try reconnecting to the Internet in the event that the Internet connection is lost. The router will list the Schedules that have been defined in the **Tools > Schedule** window. Click the **New Schedule** button to open the **Tools > Schedules** window and create a new schedule (see page 88 for instructions on how to create a New Schedule).

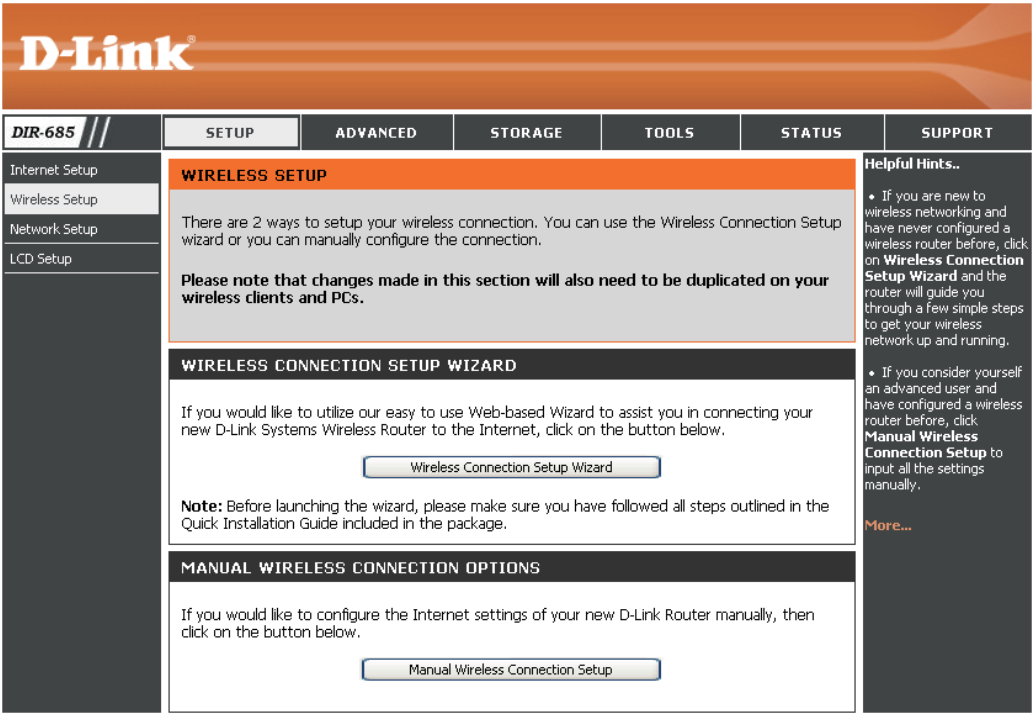
Click the **Manual** radio button to specify that the Internet connection should be re-established manually, in the event of the router losing its Internet connection.

Click the **Connect-on demand** radio button to specify that the Internet connection re-connect when a user or application tries to establish an Internet connection.

Wireless Setup

If you want to configure the wireless settings on your router using the wizard, click **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard** and refer to page 96.

If you want to manually configure the wireless settings on your router click **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** and refer to the next page.



Manual Wireless Connection Setup

Wi-Fi Protected Setup: (Also called WCN 2.0 in Windows Vista)
This section is used to enable and configure the Wi-Fi Protected Setup settings.

Wireless Network Settings: Use this section to configure the Wireless Network Settings.

Wireless Security Mode: Use the drop-down to enable Wireless Security on the DIR-685. The DIR-685 supports the following security methods:

- WEP
- WPA/WPA2

D-Link

DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Internet Setup
Wireless Setup
Network Setup
LCD Setup

WIRELESS NETWORK

Use this section to configure the wireless settings for your D-Link router. Please note that changes made in this section may also need to be duplicated on your wireless client.

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes including: WEP, WPA and WPA2.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP (ALSO CALLED WCN 2.0 IN WINDOWS VISTA)

Enable: ☒

Current PIN: 21961441

Generate New PIN Reset PIN to Default

Wi-Fi Protected Status: Enabled / Configured

Reset to Unconfigured

Add Wireless Device with WPS

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Enable Wireless: ☒ Always

Wireless Network Name: dlink (Also called the SSID)

802.11 Mode: 802.11 Mixed(b/g/n)

Enable Auto Channel Selection: ☒

Wireless Channel: 6

Transmission Rate: Best (automatic) (Mbit/s)

Channel Width: 20 MHz

Short Guard Interval: ☐

WMM Enable: ☒ (Wireless QoS)

Enable Hidden Wireless: ☐ (Also called "Disable SSID Broadcast")

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode: Disable Wireless Security (not recommended)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- Wi-Fi Protected Setup provides a more intuitive way of setting up wireless security between the router and the wireless client. Make sure the wireless card supports this feature or uses a certified Windows Vista driver in order to take advantage of this feature.
- Changing your Wireless Network Name is the first step in securing your wireless network. We recommend that you change it to a familiar name that does not contain any personal information.
- Enabling Hidden Mode is another way to secure your network. With this option enabled, no wireless clients will be able to see your wireless network when they perform a scan to see what's available. In order for your wireless devices to connect to your router, you will need to manually enter the Wireless Network Name on each device.
- If you have enabled Wireless Security, make sure you write down the WEP Key or Passphrase that you have configured. You will need to enter this information on any wireless device that you connect to your wireless network.

[More...](#)

Manual Wireless Connection Setup

Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Enable: Tick this checkbox to enable Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) on the Router.

Current PIN: Displays the WPS PIN that is currently set on the DIR-685.

Click the **Generate New PIN** button to generate a new WPS PIN.

Click the **Reset PIN to Default** button to reset the WPS PIN to default settings.

Wi-Fi Protected Status: Displays the status of the Wi-Fi Protected service.

Click the **Reset to Unconfigured** button to reset the WPS configuration.

Add Wireless Device with WPS: Click the **Add Wireless Device with WPS** button if you want to add a wireless device using Wi-Fi Protected Setup. See the **Add Wireless Device with WPS Wizard** section (page 98), for instructions on how to use WPS.

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP (ALSO CALLED WCN 2.0 IN WINDOWS VISTA)

Enable : ☒

Current PIN : **21961441**

Generate New PIN **Reset PIN to Default**

Wi-Fi Protected Status : Enabled / Configured

Reset to Unconfigured

Add Wireless Device with WPS

Manual Wireless Connection Setup

Wireless Network Settings

Enable Wireless: Tick this checkbox to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, untick the box to disable all the wireless functions.

Wireless Network Name: Type a name to identify your Wireless Network, This name will become the Service Set Identifier (SSID) of your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.

802.11 Mode: Select one of the following:

802.11b Only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11b.

802.11g Only - Select if all of your wireless clients are 802.11g.

802.11n Only - Select only if all of your wireless clients are 802.11n.

802.11 Mixed(b/g) - Select if you are using both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients.

802.11 Mixed(b/g/n) - Select if you are using a mix of 802.11b, 11g, and 11n wireless clients.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Enable Wireless :

☒

Always

New Schedule

Wireless Network Name :

dlink

(Also called the SSID)

802.11 Mode :

802.11 Mixed(b/g/n)

Enable Auto Channel Selection :

☒

Wireless Channel :

6

Transmission Rate :

Best (automatic)

(Mbit/s)

Channel Width :

20 MHz

Short Guard Interval :

☐

WMM Enable :

☒

(Wireless QoS)

Enable Hidden Wireless :

☐

(Also called "Disable SSID Broadcast")

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode :

Disable Wireless Security (not recommended)

Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

Enable Auto Channel Scan Selection: Tick the **Auto Channel Scan Selection** checkbox to allow the DIR-685 to choose the channel with the least amount of interference.

Wireless Channel: Indicates the channel setting for the DIR-685. By default the channel is set to 6. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to customize the wireless network. If you enable **Auto Channel Scan**, this option will be greyed out.

Transmission Rate: Select the transmission rate in Mbps. It is strongly suggested to select **Best (automatic)** for best performance. (This setting cannot be changed when the **802.11 Mode** is set to an 802.11 Mixed setting).

Channel Width: Select the Channel Width:

20MHz - Select if you are not using any 802.11n wireless clients. This is the default setting.

20/40 MHz (Auto) - Select if you are using both 802.11n and non-802.11n wireless devices.

Short Guard Interval: This option is only available when 802.11n has been enabled on the DIR-685. Tick this checkbox to enhance the wireless performance when the router is operating in a 'clean' wireless environment.

WMM Enable: Tick this checkbox to enable Wi-Fi Multimedia, which enables basic Quality of Service (QoS) features. WMM prioritizes traffic according to four access categories: voice, video, best effort, and background.

Enable Hidden Wireless: Tick this checkbox if you do not want the SSID of your wireless network to be broadcasted by the DIR-685. If the checkbox is ticked, the SSID of the DIR-685 will not be seen by site survey utilities, so wireless clients will have to know the SSID of the DIR-685 in order to connect to it.

Wireless Security Mode: Use the drop-down menu to set a Wireless Security Mode. Refer to page 95 for more information regarding wireless security.

Network Setup

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

Router Settings: Use this section to configure the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Local Domain Name of the Router.

DNS Relay can also be enabled/disabled in this section.

DHCP Server Settings: Use this section to configure the DHCP Server Settings.

DHCP Client List: This section shows a list of devices that currently have a DHCP lease issued from the router.

DHCP Reservation: Use this section to create and edit the DHCP Reservations of the router.

D-Link

DIR-685

Internet Setup
Wireless Setup
Network Setup
LCD Setup

NETWORK SETTING

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router and also to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP addresses to computers on your network. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address in this section, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

Please note that this section is optional and you do not need to change any of the settings here to get your network up and running.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ROUTER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

Router IP Address : 192.168.0.1
Default Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
Local Domain Name :
Enable DNS Relay : ☒

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP address to the computers on your network.

Enable DHCP Server : ☒
DHCP IP Address Range : 100 to 199 (addresses within the LAN subnet)
DHCP Lease Time : 1440 (minutes)

DHCP CLIENT LIST

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time
25 - DHCP RESERVATION			
Remaining number of clients that can be configured : 25			
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name

Helpful Hints..

- If you already have a DHCP server on your network or are using static IP addresses on all the devices on your network, uncheck **Enable DHCP Server** to disable this feature.

More...

Network Setup

Router Settings

This section will allow you to change the local network settings of the router and to configure the DHCP settings.

IP Address: Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1.

If you change the IP address, once you click **Apply**, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.

Subnet Mask: Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Device Name: Enter a name for the router.

Local Domain: Enter the Domain Name (Optional).

Enable DNS Relay: Untick the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If ticked, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

ROUTER SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

Router IP Address :

Default Subnet Mask :

Local Domain Name :

Enable DNS Relay : ☒

Network Setup

DHCP Server Settings

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The DIR-685 has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to “Obtain an IP Address Automatically.” When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the DIR-685. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address range.

Enable DHCP Server: Tick this checkbox to enable the DHCP server on your router. Untick to disable this function.

DHCP IP Address Range: Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the DHCP server’s IP assignment.

Note: If you statically (manually) assign IP addresses to your computers or devices, make sure the IP addresses are outside of this range or you may have an IP conflict.

DHCP Lease Time: The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter the Lease Time in minutes.

DHCP Client List: Displays the Host Name, IP Address and the time the DHCP lease will expire for all the clients that have received DHCP IP addresses from the router.

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS			
Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP address to the computers on your network.			
Enable DHCP Server :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
DHCP IP Address Range :	<input type="text" value="100"/>	to	<input type="text" value="199"/> (addresses within the LAN subnet)
DHCP Lease Time :	<input type="text" value="1440"/>	(minutes)	
DHCP CLIENT LIST			
Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time

Network Setup

DHCP Reservation

If you want a computer or device to always have the same IP address assigned, you can create a DHCP reservation. The router will assign the IP address only to that computer or device.

Note: This IP address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

Enable: Tick the checkbox next to the reservation you want to enable.

Computer Name: Enter the computer name or select from the drop-down menu and click <<.

IP Address: Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.

Save Settings: Click **Save Settings** to save your entry. You must click **Save Settings** at the bottom of the window to activate your reservations.

25 - DHCP RESERVATION

Remaining number of clients that can be configured : 25

	Computer Name	IP Address	MAC Address	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<< Computer Name ▼

LCD Screen

This section allows you to configure the LCD screen Display Settings on the router.

Screen Saver Setting: Tick this checkbox to enable the screen saver. You can set the timeout in minutes.

Display Setting: Tick this checkbox to turn off the LCD screen on the router when idle after the entered time.

D-Link

DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Internet Setup
Wireless Setup
Network Setup
LCD Setup

LCD SETUP

Use this section to configure the LCD settings of your router.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

SCREEN SAVER SETTING

Enable : ☒

Timeout : 1 (minute)

DISPLAY SETTING

Put the display to sleep when it is inactive.

Enable : ☒

Timeout : 10 (minute)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints..

• The LCD Setup page controls the settings of the display panel on your DIR-685 device. This page allows you to control the screen saver and adjust the amount of time the device needs to be idle before the LCD Screen turns off.

[More...](#)

Port Forwarding

The DIR-685 can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network).

The DIR-685 firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect your LAN network so all computers networked with the DIR-685 are invisible to the outside world. If you wish, you can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling Virtual Server. Depending on the requested service, the DIR-685 redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network.

The DIR-685 is also capable of port-redirection, meaning incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

Each virtual service that is created will be listed at the bottom of the screen in the Virtual Servers List. There are pre-defined virtual services already in the table. You may use them by enabling them and assigning the server IP to use that particular virtual service.

For a list of ports for common applications, please visit http://support.dlink.com/faq/view.asp?prod_id=1191.

Application Rules

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, and Internet telephony. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Application Rules makes some of these applications work with the DIR-685. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the “Trigger Port” field. Select the protocol type as TCP or UDP. Then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The DIR-685 provides some predefined applications in the table on the bottom of the web page. Select the application you want to use and enable it.

Enable checkbox: To enable an Application Rule, tick the checkbox next to the corresponding rule.

Application Name: Enter a name for the rule. You may select a pre-defined application from the drop-down menu and click <<.

Trigger: This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.

Firewall: This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

Traffic Type: Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or Any).

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

APPLICATION RULES

The Application Rules option is used to open single or multiple ports in your firewall when the router senses data sent to the Internet on an outgoing "Trigger" port or port range. Special Application rules apply to all computers on your internal network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

25 - APPLICATION RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 25

			Port	Traffic Type
<input type="checkbox"/>		<< Application Name	Trigger Firewall	Any
<input type="checkbox"/>		<< Application Name	Trigger Firewall	Any
<input type="checkbox"/>		<< Application Name	Trigger Firewall	Any
<input type="checkbox"/>		<< Application Name	Trigger Firewall	Any

Helpful Hints...

- Use the **Application Name** drop-down menu to view a list of pre-defined applications that you can select from. If you select one of the pre-defined applications, click the arrow button next to the drop-down menu to fill out the appropriate fields.

[More...](#)

QoS Engine

The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are disabled and application priority is not classified automatically.

Uplink Speed: The speed at which data can be transferred from the router to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP.

Downlink Speed: The speed at which data can be transferred from the Internet to your router. This is determined by your ISP.

Lag Eliminated: Tick this box to automatically set the priority for your applications.

D-Link

DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Port Forwarding
Application Rules
QoS Engine
Network Filter
Website Filter
Firewall Settings
Routing
Advanced Wireless
Advanced Network
Guest Zone
Wake on LAN

QoS (QUALITY OF SERVICE) ENGINE

Use this section to configure D-Link's Smart QoS. Smart QoS improves VoIP voice quality or streaming by ensuring that your VoIP or streaming traffic is prioritized over other network traffic, such as FTP or Web. For optimum performance, please tick the "lag eliminated" option to automatically set the priority for your applications.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

BANDWIDTH

Uplink Speed : 1 Mbps
Downlink Speed : 1 Mbps

Please contact your Internet Service Provider to check your xDSL or cable uplink bandwidth. An accurate uplink bandwidth setting allows the QoS engine to operate smoothly and efficiently.

QoS

☐ Lag eliminated (VoIP, Streaming)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints.

- The Smart QoS feature helps improve your network VoIP and streaming performance by prioritizing the data flows of network applications.

More...

Network Filter

Use MAC (Media Access Control) Filters to allow or deny LAN (Local Area Network) computers by their MAC addresses from accessing the Network. You can either manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from the list of clients that are currently connected to the router.

- Configure MAC Filtering:** Use the drop-down menu to select one of the following rules:
- Turn MAC Filtering OFF
 - Turn MAC Filtering ON and allow computers listed to access the network
 - Turn MAC Filtering ON and deny computers listed to access the network

Enable checkbox: To enable a Network Filter, tick the checkbox next to the corresponding rule.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to filter.

To find the MAC address on a computer, please refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual.

DHCP Client: Select a DHCP client from the drop-down menu and click << to copy that MAC Address.

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Application Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. Click the **New Schedule** button to create your own times in the **Tools > Schedules** section.

D-Link

DIR-685

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Port Forwarding
Application Rules
QoS Engine
Network Filter
Website Filter
Firewall Settings
Routing
Advanced Wireless
Advanced Network
Guest Zone
Wake on LAN

MAC FILTERING

The MAC (Media Access Controller) Address filter option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to ALLOW or DENY network/Internet access.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

25 - MAC FILTERING RULES

Configure MAC Filtering below:

Turn MAC Filtering OFF

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 25

	MAC Address		DHCP Client List	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	<<	Computer Name	Always New Schedule

Helpful Hints..

- Create a list of MAC addresses and choose whether to allow or deny them access to your network.
- Computers that have obtained an IP address from the router's DHCP server will be in the DHCP Client List. Select a device from the drop down menu and click the arrow to add that device's MAC to the list.
- Use the check box on the left to either enable or disable a particular entry.
- Use the **Always** drop down menu if you have previously defined a schedule in the router. If not, click on the **Add New** button to add one.

[More...](#)

Website Filter

Website Filters are used to allow you to set up a list of allowed Web sites that can be used by multiple users through the network. To use this feature select to **Allow** or **Deny**, enter the domain or website and click **Save Settings**.

Configure Parental Control Rules: Use the drop-down menu to select one of the following rules:

- Turn Parental Control Rules OFF
- Turn Parental Control Rules ON and ALLOW computers access to ONLY these sites
- Turn Parental Control Rules ON and DENY computers access to ONLY these sites

Enable checkbox: To enable a Website Filter rule, tick the checkbox next to the corresponding rule.

Website URL: Enter the URL of the Website you would like to filter.

Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to define when the Website Filter will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. Click the **New Schedule** button to list the Schedules that have been defined in the **Tools > Schedules** window (see page 88 for instructions on how to create a New Schedule).

D-Link

DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Port Forwarding
Application Rules
QoS Engine
Network Filter
Website Filter
Firewall Settings
Routing
Advanced Wireless
Advanced Network
Guest Zone
Wake on LAN

WEBSITE FILTER RULES

Website Filters are useful tools for restricting Internet access. The Website URL option allows you to quickly create a list of all web sites that you wish to allow or deny users from accessing. The Schedule option allows you to control when clients or PCs connected to the Router are allowed to access the Internet.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

25 - PARENTAL CONTROL RULES

Configure Parental Control Rules below:
Turn Parental Control Rules OFF

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 25

	Website URL	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>		Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>

Helpful Hints..

- Create a list of Websites that you would like the devices on your network to be allowed or denied access to.
- Keywords can be entered in this list in order to block any URL containing the keyword entered.

[More...](#)

Firewall Settings

A firewall protects your network from the outside world. The D-Link DIR-685 offers a firewall type functionality. The SPI feature helps prevent cyber attacks. Sometimes you may want a computer exposed to the outside world for certain types of applications. If you choose to expose a computer, you can enable DMZ. DMZ is short for Demilitarized Zone. This option will completely expose the chosen computer to the outside world.

Firewall Setting: Tick the checkbox to enable SPI. SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.

DMZ Host: If an application has trouble working from behind the router, you can expose one computer to the Internet and run the application on that computer.

Note: Placing a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

Firewall Rules: Use this section to restrict external IP addresses and applications from accessing your network. This section also allows you to control the hosts/applications that internal network devices can have access to on the Internet.

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

FIREWALL SETTINGS

Firewall rules can be used to allow or deny traffic passing through the router. You can specify a single port by utilizing the input box at the top or a range of ports by utilizing both input boxes.

DMZ means "Demilitarized Zone". DMZ allows computers behind the router firewall to be accessible to Internet traffic. Typically, your DMZ would contain Web servers, FTP servers and others.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

FIREWALL SETTING

Enable SPI : ☒

DMZ HOST

The DMZ(Demilitarized Zone) option provides you with an option to set a single computer on your network outside of the router. If you have a computer that cannot run Internet applications successfully from behind the router, then you can place the computer into the DMZ for unrestricted Internet access.

Note: Putting a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

Enable DMZ Host : ☐

DMZ IP Address : << Computer Name

50 - FIREWALL RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 50

	Name	Interface	IP Address	Protocol	Port Range	Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source	<input type="text"/>	TCP	<input type="text"/>	Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
	Action	Dest	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
	Allow		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>	Source	<input type="text"/>	TCP	<input type="text"/>	Always <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
	Action	Dest	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	
	Allow		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

Helpful Hints..

- DMZ:** Only enable the DMZ option as a last resort. If you are having trouble using an application from a computer behind the router, first try opening ports associated with the application in the Advanced Port Forwarding section.
- Firewall:** Firewall Rules are an advanced feature used to deny or allow traffic from passing through the device. You can create detailed rules for the device. Please refer to the manual for more details and examples.

[More...](#)

Firewall Settings

SPI / DMZ Host

Enable SPI: Tick the checkbox to enable SPI. SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more states per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.

Enable DMZ Host: If an application has trouble working from behind the router, you can expose one computer to the Internet and run the application on that computer. Tick the **Enable DMZ Host** checkbox if you want to add a computer to your DMZ.

Note: Placing a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

DMZ IP Address: Specify the IP address of the computer on the LAN that you want to have unrestricted Internet communication. If this computer obtains its IP address automatically using DHCP, be sure to make a static reservation on the **Basic > DHCP** page so that the IP address of the DMZ machine does not change.

FIREWALL SETTING	
Enable SPI :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DMZ HOST	
<p>The DMZ(Demilitarized Zone) option provides you with an option to set a single computer on your network outside of the router. If you have a computer that cannot run Internet applications successfully from behind the router, then you can place the computer into the DMZ for unrestricted Internet access.</p> <p>Note: Putting a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.</p>	
Enable DMZ Host :	<input type="checkbox"/>
DMZ IP Address :	<input type="text"/> <input style="margin-left: 10px;" type="button" value=" << "/> <input style="margin-left: 10px;" type="text" value="Computer Name"/> <input style="margin-left: 10px;" type="button" value=" >> "/>

Firewall Settings

Firewall Rules

Enable checkbox: To enable a Firewall Rule, tick the checkbox next to the corresponding rule.

Name: Enter a name for the Firewall Rule.

Interface-Source: Use the drop-down menu to select the source interface for the Firewall Rule.

IP Address: Use these fields to specify the range of IP Addresses that you want to create the Firewall Rule for. Enter the lowest IP Address of the range in the box at the top and the highest IP Address of the range in the box underneath.

Protocol: Use the drop-down menu to select the protocol for the Firewall Rule (ALL, TCP, UDP, or ICMP).

Interface-Destination: Use the drop-down menu to select the destination interface for the Firewall Rule.

Port Range: Use these fields to specify the range of ports that should be used for the Firewall Rule. Enter the lowest port number of the range in the box at the top and the highest port number of the range in the box underneath.

Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to determine when the Firewall should run. Click the **New Schedule** button to list the Schedules that have been defined in the **Tools > Schedules** window (see page 88 for instructions on how to create a New Schedule).

50 - FIREWALL RULES

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 50

		Interface	IP Address		Schedule
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name <input type="text"/>	Source <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Protocol TCP <input type="text"/>	Always <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
	Action Allow <input type="text"/>	Dest <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Port Range <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name <input type="text"/>	Source <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Protocol TCP <input type="text"/>	Always <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
	Action Allow <input type="text"/>	Dest <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Port Range <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name <input type="text"/>	Source <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Protocol TCP <input type="text"/>	Always <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
	Action Allow <input type="text"/>	Dest <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Port Range <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name <input type="text"/>	Source <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Protocol TCP <input type="text"/>	Always <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
	Action Allow <input type="text"/>	Dest <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Port Range <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Name <input type="text"/>	Source <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Protocol TCP <input type="text"/>	Always <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="New Schedule"/>
	Action Allow <input type="text"/>	Dest <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	Port Range <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	

Routing

The Routing option is an advanced method of customizing specific routes of data through your network.

Enable checkbox: To enable a new route, tick the checkbox next to the corresponding route.

Interface: Select the interface that the IP packet must use to transit out of the router when this route is used.

Destination: Enter the IP address of packets that will take this route.

Subnet Mask: Enter the netmask of the route, please note that the numbers must match your destination IP address.

Gateway: Enter your next hop gateway to be taken if this route is used.

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ROUTING

The Routing option allows you to define static routes to specific destinations.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

32 - STATIC ROUTING

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 32

	Interface	Destination	Subnet Mask	Gateway
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			
<input type="checkbox"/>	WAN (194.22.11.224) ▼			

Helpful Hints..

- **Enable:** Specifies whether the entry will be enabled or disabled.
- **Interface:** Specifies the interface - WAN or WAN Physical -- that the IP packet must use to transit out of the router, when this route is used.
- **Destination IP:** The IP address of packets that will take this route.
- **Subnet Mask:** One bit in the mask specifies which bits of the IP address must match.
- **Gateway:** Specifies the next hop to be taken if this route is used. A gateway of 0.0.0.0 implies there is no next hop, and the IP address matched is directly connected to the router on the interface specified: WAN or WAN Physical.

[More...](#)

Advanced Wireless

Transmit Power: Set the transmit power of the antennas.

Beacon interval: Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.

RTS Threshold: This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.

Fragmentation: The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.

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DIR-685

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the behavior of their 802.11n wireless radio from the standard settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from the factory defaults. Incorrect settings may impact the performance of your wireless radio. The default settings should provide the best wireless radio performance in most environments.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

Transmit Power : 100%

Beacon interval : 100 (msec, range:20~1000, default:100)

RTS Threshold : 2346 (range: 256~2346, default:2346)

Fragmentation : 2346 (range: 1500~2346, default:2346, even number only)

DTIM interval : 1 (range: 1~255, default:1)

Preamble Type : ☒ Short Preamble ☐ Long Preamble

CTS Mode : ☐ None ☐ Always ☒ Auto

Helpful Hints..

- It is recommended that you leave these parameters with their default values. Adjusting them could limit the performance of your wireless network.

[More...](#)

DTIM interval: (Delivery Traffic Indication Message) 1 is the default setting. A DTIM is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages.

Preamble Type: Select **Short Preamble** or **Long Preamble**.

CTS Mode: Clear To Send (CTS) is a mechanism that wireless devices use when the surrounding environment is 'dirty' (i.e. many senders and receivers over the same wireless frequency).

When the CTS Mode is set to **Always** the transmitting device will need to send out an RTS (Request To Send), and the intended receiving device needs to send out a CTS (Clear To Send), before the actual data can be sent.

Setting the CTS Mode to **Auto** indicates that the router will decide whether or not the CTS mechanism should be used or not, depending on the current environment and data length.

Advanced Network

UPnP: To use the Universal Plug and Play (UPnP™) feature, tick the **Enable UPnP** box. UPnP provides compatibility with networking equipment, software and peripherals.

WAN Ping: Unticking the box will not allow the DIR-685 to respond to pings. Blocking the Ping may provide some extra security from hackers. Tick the box to allow the WAN port to be “pinged”.

WAN Port Speed: You may set the port speed of the WAN/Internet port to 10Mbps, 100Mbps, or auto. Some older cable or DSL modems may require you to set the port speed to 10Mbps.

Multicast streams: Tick the box to allow multicast traffic to pass through the router from the Internet.

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

ADVANCED NETWORK SETTINGS

If you are not familiar with these Advanced Network Settings, please read the help section before attempting to modify these settings.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

UPNP

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) supports peer-to-peer Plug and Play functionality for network devices.

Enable UPnP : ☒

WAN PING

If you enable this feature, the WAN port of your router will respond to ping requests from the Internet that are sent to the WAN IP Address.

Enable WAN Ping Response : ☐

WAN PORT SPEED

10/100/1000Mbps Auto

MULTICAST STREAMS

Enable Multicast Streams : ☐

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

- For added security, it is recommended that you disable the **WAN Ping Respond** option. Ping is often used by malicious Internet users to locate active networks or PCs.

[More...](#)

Guest Zone

The Guest Zone feature will allow you to create temporary zones that can be used by guests to access the Internet. These zones will be separate from your main wireless network.

Enable Guest Zone: Tick this checkbox to enable the Guest Zone feature.

Wireless Network Name: Enter a wireless network name (SSID) that is different from your main wireless network.

Security Mode: Select the type of security or encryption you would like to enable for the guest zone.

Router IP Address: Type the IP Address that the router will use for the Guest Zone network.

Default Subnet Mask: Type the Subnet Mask that the router will use for the Guest Zone network.

Enable Guest Zone Client Isolation: Tick this checkbox to prevent guest clients accessing other guest clients in the Guest Zone. Ticking this option only allows guest clients to access the Internet.

Enable Routing Between Zones: Tick this checkbox to allow network connectivity between the different zones created.

DHCP Server Settings for Guest Zone: Tick the **Enable DHCP Server** checkbox to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP addresses to computers in the Guest Zone.

Specify the range of IP addresses that will be assigned to computers in the Guest Zone in the **DHCP IP Address Range** fields. Type the last IP octet of the first host in the range in the textbox on the left and the last IP octet of the last host in the range in the textbox on the right.

DIR-685

SETUP

ADVANCED

STORAGE

TOOLS

STATUS

SUPPORT

Port Forwarding

Application Rules

QoS Engine

Network Filter

Website Filter

Firewall Settings

Routing

Advanced Wireless

Advanced Network

Guest Zone

Wake on LAN

GUEST ZONE

Use this section to configure the guest zone settings of your router. The guest zone provides a separate network zone for guests to access the Internet.

Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

GUEST ZONE SELECTION

Enable Guest Zone : ☐ Always

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

Security Mode : Disable Wireless Security (not recommended)

ROUTER SETTING FOR THE GUEST ZONE

Use this section to configure the guest zone settings of your router. The guest zone provides a separate network zone for guests to access the Internet.

Router IP Address : 192.168.1.1

Default Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0

GUEST ZONE CLIENT ISOLATION

Enable the function to prevent guest clients accessing other guest clients in the Guest Zone. Guest clients can only access the Internet.

Enable Guest Zone Client Isolation : ☐

ROUTING BETWEEN HOST ZONE AND GUEST ZONE

Use this section to enable routing between the Host Zone and Guest Zone, Guest clients can not access Host clients' data without enabling this function.

Enable Routing Between Zones : ☐

DHCP SERVER SETTINGS FOR GUEST ZONE

Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP addresses to computers on your network.

Enable DHCP Server : ☒

DHCP IP Address Range : 100 199 (addresses within the LAN subnet)

DHCP Lease Time : 1440 (minutes)

DHCP CLIENT LIST FOR GUEST ZONE

Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time

LOCKED CLIENT LIST FOR GUEST ZONE

The function is used to lock all PC clients which are in the Guest Zone to an IP/MAC address bundle list; only PCs in this list can access the network after enabling the function. This makes sure that no additional clients can access the Guest Zone regardless of whether they are using a wired or wireless connection.

Enable LOCK CLIENT LIST : ☐

Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints...

• Use this section to configure the guest zone settings of your router. The guest zone provides a separate network zone for guests to access Internet.

More...

DHCP Server Settings for Guest Zone: Tick the **Enable DHCP Server** checkbox to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP addresses to computers in the Guest Zone.

Enter the starting and ending IP addresses that will be assigned to devices in the Guest Zone in the **DHCP IP Address Range** fields.

Specify the length of time (in minutes) for the IP address lease in the **DHCP Lease Time** field.

DHCP Client List for Guest Zone: Displays the Host Name, IP Address and the time the DHCP lease will expire for all the DHCP clients in the Guest Zone.

Wake on LAN

The Wake on LAN feature allows computers on your network to be turned on or woken up remotely.

Enable Wake on LAN: Tick the checkbox to enable the Wake on LAN feature.

UDP Port: Type a port number to specify the UDP port that the Magic Packet will use when trying to turn on or wake up a computer on your network,

Interface: Use the drop-down menu to specify the destination interface of the Magic Packet.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-685 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the D-Link logo and tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, STORAGE, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various configuration options, with 'Wake on LAN' selected at the bottom. The main content area is titled 'WAKE ON LAN SETTINGS' and contains a description of the feature. Below the description are 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings' buttons. A second section, 'WAKE ON LAN', contains the 'Enable Wake on LAN' checkbox (checked), a text input for 'UDP Port', and a dropdown menu for 'Interface' set to 'LAN'. A 'Helpful Hints...' sidebar on the right provides additional information about the feature.

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DIR-685

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

WAKE ON LAN SETTINGS

The Wake on LAN option allows you to define the UDP port on your router that will be used to receive Magic Packets from the Internet. The Wake on LAN function allows a computer to be turned on or woken up remotely by a Magic Packet.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

WAKE ON LAN

Enable Wake on LAN : ☒

UDP Port :

Interface : LAN

Helpful Hints..

- The Wake on LAN function can be used to remotely turn on a PC connected to the LAN side of the router. Specify the UDP port that will be used by the Wake on LAN magic packet to prevent the router from thinking the Wake on LAN request is a hostile attack and blocking it.

More...

Disk Management

Hard Disk Drive Information: This window displays the hard drive information such as size, available space, used space, and format.

Format Setting: Click the **Format Hard Drive** button to format the hard drive.

Warning: When formatting your hard drive, all data will be lost.

Hard Drive Setting: Tick the box to turn off the hard drive after it has been idle for the amount of time (minutes) specified in the **Timeout** field.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-685 web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for SETUP, ADVANCED, STORAGE, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various settings: Disk Management, Users/Groups, Storage Access, FTP Server, UPnP AV Server, iTunes Server, and BT Download Manager. The main content area is titled 'DISK MANAGEMENT' and contains three sections: 'DISK MANAGEMENT' (with a message and 'Save Settings'/'Don't Save Settings' buttons), 'HARD DISK DRIVE INFORMATION' (showing details for a FUJITSU MHZ2160BH G2 drive), 'FORMAT SETTING' (with a 'Format Hard Drive' button), and 'HARD DRIVE SETTING' (with an 'Enable' checkbox and a 'Timeout' field set to 10 minutes). A 'Helpful Hints..' sidebar on the right provides additional information.

DIR-685	SETUP	ADVANCED	STORAGE	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
Disk Management Users/Groups Storage Access FTP Server UPnP AV Server iTunes Server BT Download Manager	DISK MANAGEMENT Information about the hard disk will be shown here. [Save Settings] [Don't Save Settings]					Helpful Hints.. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Disk Management page contains information and settings for the local hard drive that is currently installed in the device. More...
	HARD DISK DRIVE INFORMATION Name : FUJITSU MHZ2160BH G2 Format : EXT3 Capacity : 160 GB Used : 8 GB Available : 146 GB Disk Health : Not So Good Disk Temperature : 50°C / 122°F					
	FORMAT SETTING If you would like to format the hard drive using the third extended file system(EXT3), click on the button below. [Format Hard Drive]					
	HARD DRIVE SETTING Put the Hard Drive to sleep when it is inactive. Enable : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Timeout : 10 (minute) [Save Settings] [Don't Save Settings]					

User / Groups

The DIR-685 supports up to 64 unique users. The users can be added to a group, or individually. The users and groups are created to allow access to specific folders on the DIR-685, via FTP or your local network.

User and Group Creation This section contains required attributes for a new user or group. Including User Name and Password or Group name.

If creating a new user carry out the following steps:

- Click the **User** radio button.
- Type in a *User Name*, *Password* and *Confirm* the Password in the relevant fields.

If creating a new group carry out the following steps:

- Click the **Group Radio** button.
- Type in a **Group Name** in the **Add New Group** text box.
- Click the **Add** button to finish creating the group

List of All Users Displays the list of users that you may assign to the selected group.

Users in Group Displays the users that are members of the group selected in the **Select Group** drop-down menu.

To add a new user to the selected group, click the user then click the **Add >>** button.

To remove a user from the group, click the user and then click the **<< Remove** button.

Tick the **All accounts** checkbox to select all accounts.

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Disk Management
Users/Groups
Storage Access
FTP Server
UPnP AV Server
iTunes Server
BT Download Manager

USERS / GROUPS
Create users and their passwords. Assign users to groups if desired. Create new groups that users can be assigned to.

USER AND GROUP CREATION
☒ User ☐ Group
 User Name
 Password
 Confirm Password **Add**

GROUP SETTINGS
 Select Group **Apply**
 Please select a group
 List of all users
 Users in group
Add >>
<< Remove
☐ All accounts

USER LIST

No.	User Name	Group Name	Change Password	Delete

GROUP LIST

No.	Group Name	User Name

Helpful Hints..
 • User passwords must be at least five characters long. A user name can not be the same as a group name.
 More...

Users / Groups

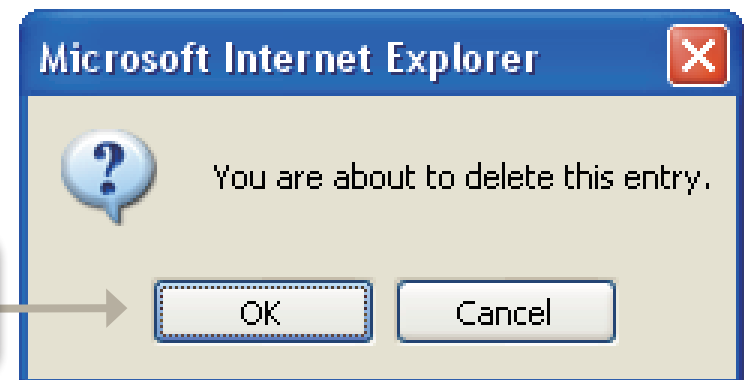
Group List

Use the Group List section to view all the Groups setup on the DIR-685. The Group List section also allows you to delete groups that have been setup on the DIR-685. Carry out the following steps to delete an existing group:

GROUP LIST		
No.	Group Name	User Name
1	Test	

1. In the Group List section, click the **Trash Can** icon next to the group you want to delete.

2. The following dialog box appears. Click the **OK** button to delete the Group.



Storage Access

The Storage Access settings allow you to assign users and groups to specific folders or volumes. By default, all volumes are open to anyone on the local network with read/write access. Before specific user or group rules can be created, the default rules must be deleted.

Storage Access Mode: Choose **Open Mode** to grant all users unrestricted access to the hard drive or volume connected to the DIR-685.

Choose **Security Mode** to reveal more parameters that allow you to configure the access rights for the connected hard drives.

Category: Determines whether the access rule will apply to a group or individual user.

User / Group: Select the user or group for the access rule or you can select **All Accounts**. If selecting the **User** category, tick the **Allow Guests** checkbox to allow Guest accounts access to the hard drive or volumes.

Folder: Browse to open and select the folder or directory you are controlling access to.

Permission: Set the user or group permission to **Read Only** or to **R/W: Read/Write**.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-685 web interface with the 'STORAGE' tab selected. The left sidebar lists various services: Disk Management, Users/groups, Storage Access (selected), FTP Server, UPnP AV Server, iTunes Server, and BT Download Manager. The main content area is titled 'STORAGE ACCESS SETTINGS' and includes a 'Helpful Hints..' section on the right. The 'STORAGE ACCESS MODE' section has two radio buttons: 'Open Mode (Root Directory will open access for all users.)' and 'Security Mode'. The 'NETWORK ACCESS SETTINGS' section includes fields for Category (User/Group), User (Please Select user...), Allow Guests checkbox, Share Name, Folder (with a Browse button), Permission (R/W: Read/Write), Oplocks (Yes), Map archive (Yes), and a Comment field. At the bottom, there is a 'NETWORK ACCESS LISTS' section with a table showing columns for Share, Path, User/Group, Comment, Oplocks, Map, and R/W. The table currently has one row with a Read/Write permission.

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED **STORAGE** TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Disk Management
Users/groups
Storage Access
FTP Server
UPnP AV Server
iTunes Server
BT Download Manager

STORAGE ACCESS SETTINGS

Assign permissions for users and groups on the local network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

STORAGE ACCESS MODE

Mode

☐ Open Mode (Root Directory will open access for all users.)

☒ Security Mode

NETWORK ACCESS SETTINGS

Category ☒ User ☐ Group

User Please Select user... ☐ All accounts

☐ Allow Guests

Share Name

Folder Browse

Permission R/W: Read/Write

Oplocks Yes

Map archive Yes

Comment

NETWORK ACCESS LISTS

Share Path User/Group Comment Oplocks Map R/W

Read/Write Read Only Modify Setting Delete

Helpful Hints..

- By default, each hard drive or volume will have an open-access rule. These rules must be deleted before user or group specific rules can be created.

More...

Oplocks: Opportunistic locks (oplocks) are a characteristic of the LAN Manager networking protocol implemented in the 32-Bit Windows family. Oplocks are guarantees made by a server for a shared logical volume to its clients. These guarantees inform the Client that a file's content will not be allowed to be changed by the server, or if some change is imminent, the client will be notified before the change is allowed to proceed.

Oplocks are designed to increase network performance when it comes to network file sharing however when using file-based database applications it is recommended to set the share oplocks to **No (off)**.

By default, Windows Vista® has Oplocks enabled and cannot be disabled. If you are having network performance issues with applications sharing files from the DIR-685 you may try to improve performance by setting Oplocks to **No (off)**.

Map Archive: When enabled, the file attribute "Archive" will be set for files stored on the DIR-685. Certain backup software set this attribute for files that are being stored as backups.

Comment: Enter a comment or enter a description of the rule for reference.

Network Access List: Lists all defined access rules.

Storage Access

Network Access Lists

Use the Network Access List section to view all the Network Access Lists that have been setup on the DIR-685. The Network Access List section also allows you to modify or delete Network Access Lists that have been setup on the DIR-685.

NETWORK ACCESS LISTS						
: Read/Write : Read Only : Modify Setting : Delete						
Share	Path	User/Group	Comment	Oplocks	Map	R/W
\\192.168.0.1\	HD_FUJITSU_M HZ2160B/Work Robert Files		WorkFilesStorage	yes	yes	

Editing a Network Access List

Click the notepad icon next to the user you want to edit. See the “**Editing Existing Network Access Lists**” section (page 68) for more information.








Deleting a Network Access List

Click the notepad icon next to the user you want to edit. See the “**Deleting Network Access Lists**” section (page 70) for more information.

Storage Access

Editing Existing Network Access Lists

Carry out the following steps to edit a Network Access List:

NETWORK ACCESS LISTS						
 : Read/Write  : Read Only  : Modify Setting  : Delete						
Share	Path	User/Group	Comment	Oplocks	Map	R/W
\\192.168.0.1\	HD_FUJITSU_M HZ2160B/Work Robert Files		WorkFilesStorage	yes	yes	  

1. In the Network Access Lists section, click the **Notepad** icon next to the Network Access List you want to edit.

STORAGE ACCESS SETTINGS

Assign permissions for users and groups on the local network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

STORAGE ACCESS MODE

Mode

☐ Open Mode (Root Directory will open access for all users.)

☒ Security Mode

NETWORK ACCESS SETTINGS

Category ☒ User ☐ Group

User Robert ☐ All accounts

☐ Allow Guests

Share Name test

Folder HD_FUJITSU_MHZ2160B/WorkFiles Browse

Permission R/W : Read/Write

Oplocks Yes

Map archive Yes

Comment WorkFilesStorage

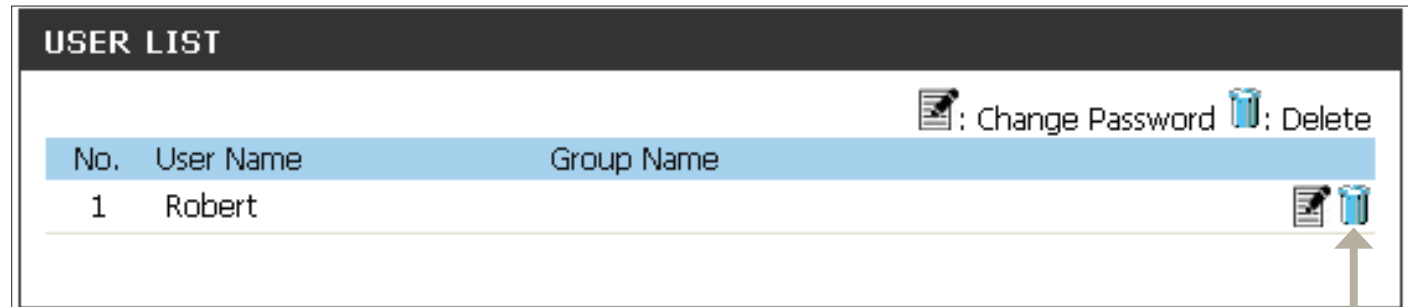
2. Modify the required settings in the Network Access Settings section.

3. Click the **Save Settings** button when you have changed the required settings.

Users / Groups

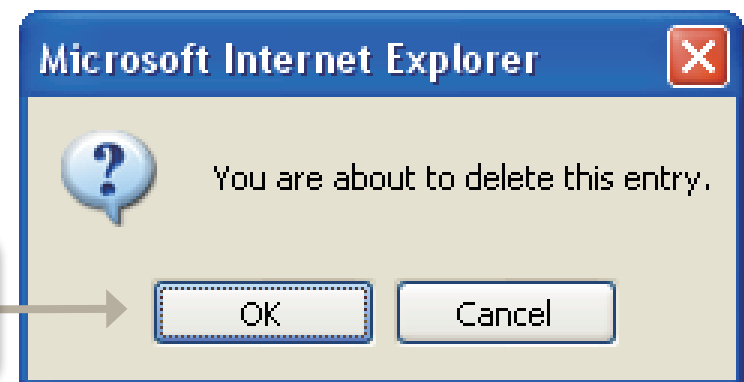
Deleting a Network Access List

Carry out the following steps to delete a Network Access List:



1. In the Network Access Lists section, click the Trash Can icon next to the network access list you want to delete.

2. The following dialog box appears. Click the **OK** button to delete the Network Access List.



FTP Server

The DIR-685 is equipped with a built in FTP Server, which is easy to configure. It allows users access to important data whether they are on the local network or at a remote location. The FTP server can be configured to allow user access to specific directories, and will allow up to 10 users to access the DIR-685 at a time. For improved security, the DIR-685 supports use of an FTPS client, such as SSL/TLS, to encrypt both the password and the data. The DIR-685 supports FireFTP, a cross-platform FTP client for Mozilla Firefox users.

FTP Server Settings: This section contains the configuration settings for the DIR-685 FTP Server.

FTP Access List: The FTP access for users and groups can be added and edited here.

FTP Server Status: Displays the current status of the FTP Server.

D-Link

DIR-685

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Disk Management
Users/Groups
Storage Access
FTP Server
UPnP AV Server
iTunes Server
BT Download Manager

FTP SERVER SETTINGS

Assign permissions for users and groups that will access the FTP server over the Internet.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

FTP SERVER SETTINGS

Category ☒ User ☐ Group

User Please Select user... ☐ All accounts

Folder Browse

Permission Read Only

Enable FTP ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Mode ☒ LAN ☐ Internet/WAN ☐ LAN + Internet/WAN

Max User 10

Idle Time 5 (1~10 Minutes)

Port 21 (1~65535, Default: 21)

Flow Control ☒ Unlimited ☐ 1 x 10 KBs

Client Language Western European

FTP ACCESS LIST

☒ R/W : Read/Write ☐ Read Only ☐ Modify settings ☐ Delete

Path	User/Group	R/W
------	------------	-----

FTP SERVER STATUS

Status	Stopped
Mode	LAN
Port	21
Max. User	10
Flow Control	Unlimited
Idle Time	5
Client Language	Unknown language

Helpful Hints..

- If your DIR-685 is connected to a router, you will need to forward port 21 (in the router configuration) to the IP address of the DIR-685. From the outside world, remember to access this FTP server by using the WAN address of your router.

More...

FTP Server

FTP Server Settings

Category: Determines whether the access rule will apply to a group or individual user.

User / Group: Select the group or user the FTP server rule will apply to.

Folder: Browse to and select the folder or directory you are granting FTP access to. Select root to grant access to all volumes.

Permission: Set the user or group permission to Read Only or R/W: Read/Write.

Enable FTP: Select **Enable** or **Disable** to enable or disable the DIR-685 FTP server.

Mode: Click a radio button to specify which traffic sides will have access to the device's hard drives via FTP. The available options are: **LAN**, **Internet/WAN**, or **LAN + Internet/WAN**.

Max User: Sets the maximum amount of users that can connect to the FTP server.

Idle Time: Sets the amount of time a user can remain idle before being disconnected.

Port: Sets the FTP port. Default is 21.

Flow Control: Allows you to limit the amount of bandwidth available for each user.

Client Language: Most standard FTP clients like Windows FTP, only support Western European codepage when transferring files. Support has been added for non standard FTP clients that are capable of supporting these character sets.

FTP SERVER SETTINGS

Category

☒ User
 ☐ Group

User

Please Select user... ▼

☐ All accounts

Folder

☐ root

Browse

Permission

Read Only ▼

Enable FTP

☐ Enable
 ☒ Disable

Mode

☒ LAN
 ☐ Internet/WAN
 ☐ LAN + Internet/WAN

Max User

10 ▼

Idle Time

5

(1~10 Minutes)

Port

21

(1~65535,Default:21)

Flow Control

☒ Unlimited
 ☐

1

 x 10 KBs

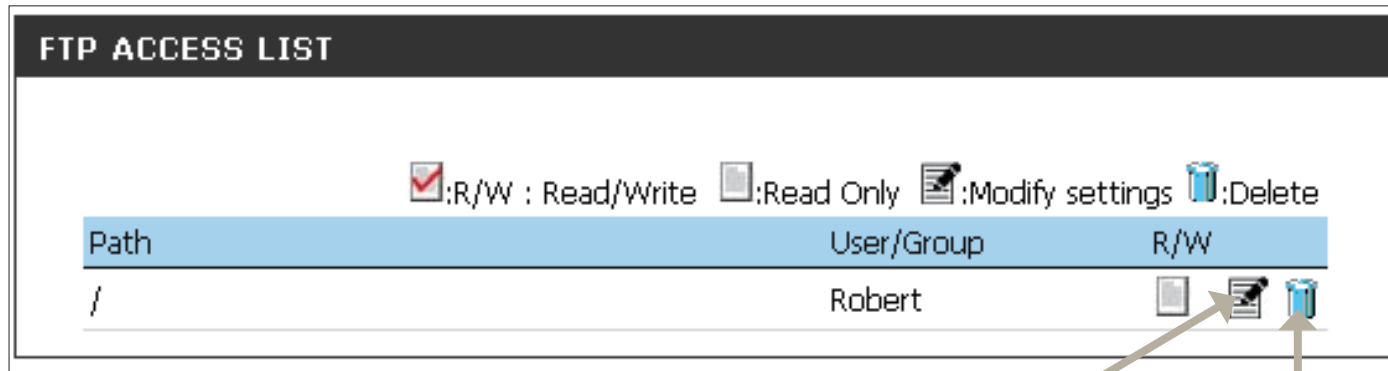
Client Language

Western European ▼

FTP Server

FTP Access List

Use the FTP Access List section to view all the FTP Access Lists that have been setup on the DIR-685. The FTP Access List section also allows you to modify or delete FTP Access Lists that have been setup on the DIR-685.



Editing an FTP Access List

Click the notepad icon next to the FTP user you want to edit. See the “**Editing an FTP Access List**” section (page 74) for more information.

Deleting an FTP Access List

Click the trash icon next to the user you want to delete. See the “**Deleting an FTP Access List**” section (page 76) for more information.

FTP Server

Editing an FTP Access List

Carry out the following steps to edit a FTP Access List:

FTP ACCESS LIST

☒:R/W : Read/Write

☐:Read Only

:Modify settings

:Delete

Path	User/Group	R/W
/	Robert	<div><input type="checkbox"/> </div>

1. In the FTP Access Lists section, click the **Notepad** icon next to the FTP Access List you want to edit.

FTP SERVER SETTINGS

Assign permissions for users and groups that will access the FTP server over the Internet.

Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

2. In the FTP Server Settings section, modify the required settings.

FTP SERVER SETTINGS

Category ☒ User ☐ Group

User ☐ All accounts

Folder ☒ root

Permission

Enable FTP ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Mode ☒ LAN ☐ Internet/WAN ☐ LAN + Internet/WAN

Max User

Idle Time (1~10 Minutes)

Port (1~65535, Default: 21)

Flow Control ☒ Unlimited ☐ x 10 KBs

Client Language

3. Click the **Save Settings** button when you have changed the required settings.

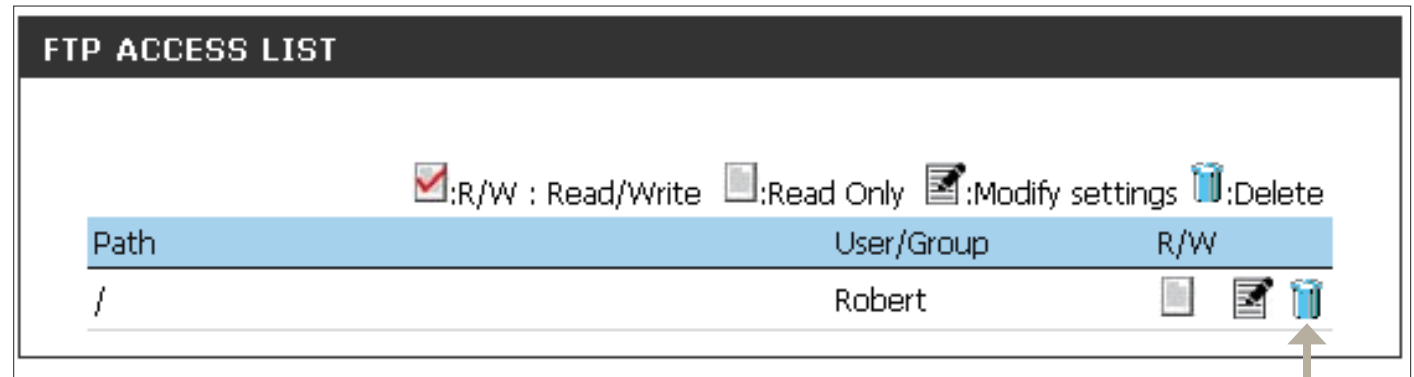
FTP ACCESS LIST

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> :R/W : Read/Write <input type="checkbox"/> :Read Only <input type="checkbox"/> :Modify settings <input type="checkbox"/> :Delete		
Path	User/Group	R/W
/	Robert	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

FTP Server

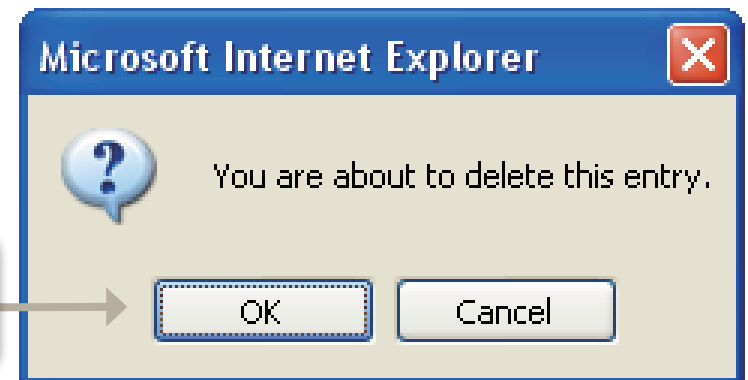
Deleting an FTP Access List

Carry out the following steps to delete a Network Access List:



1. In the FTP Access List section, click the **Trash Can** icon next to the FTP Access List you want to delete.

2. The following dialog box appears. Click the **OK** button to delete the FTP Access List.



UPnP AV Server

The DIR-685 features a UPnP AV Server. This server provides the ability to stream photos, music and videos to UPnP AV compatible network media players. If the server is enabled, the DIR-685 will be automatically detected by UPnP AV compatible media players on your local network.

UPnP AV Server: Select **Enable** or **Disable** to turn the DIR-685 UPnP AV server on or off.

Folder: Specifies the folder or directory that will be shared by the UPnP AV server. Select **root** to share all files on all volumes, or uncheck the box and click **Browse** to select a specific folder.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-685 web interface. The top navigation bar includes the D-Link logo and tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, STORAGE, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various management options: Disk Management, Users/Groups, Storage Access, FTP Server, UPnP AV Server (highlighted), iTunes Server, and BT Download Manager. The main content area is titled 'UPNP AV SERVER SETTINGS' and contains a section for 'UPNP AV SERVER SETTINGS' with a description 'Sets a path for your media content.' and buttons for 'Save Settings', 'Don't Save Settings', and 'Refresh'. Below this is the 'UPNP AV SERVER' section, which includes a toggle for 'UPnP AV Server' (set to 'Enable') and a 'Folder' section with a radio button for 'root' and a 'Browse' button. A 'Helpful Hints..' sidebar on the right provides additional information, including a note about refreshing the content after adding new media.

DIR-685 ///	SETUP	ADVANCED	STORAGE	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
Disk Management	<div>UPNP AV SERVER SETTINGS</div> <div>Sets a path for your media content.</div> <div>Save Settings Don't Save Settings Refresh</div> <div>UPNP AV SERVER</div> <div>UPnP AV Server <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable</div> <div>Folder <input type="radio"/> root <input type="text"/> Browse</div>					

iTunes Server

The DIR-685 features an iTunes Server. This server provides the ability to share music and videos to computers on the local network running iTunes. If the server is enabled, the DIR-685 will be automatically detected by the iTunes program and the music and videos contained in the specified directory will be available to stream over the network.

iTunes Server: Select **Enable** or **Disable** to enable or disable the DIR-685 iTunes server.

Folder: Specifies the folder or directory that will be shared by the UPnP AV server. Select **root** to share all files on all volumes, or uncheck the box and click **Browse** to select a specific folder.

Auto Refresh: Use the drop-down menu to specify the interval that the iTunes Server settings on the DIR-685 should auto-refresh. You may configure Auto Refresh to automatically update your shared iTunes Library data every 5, 15, or 30 minutes or at 1, 2, 6, 12 or 24 hour intervals.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-685 web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, STORAGE, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: Disk Management, Users/Groups, Storage Access, FTP Server, UPnP AV Server, iTunes Server (selected), and BT Download Manager. The main content area is titled 'iTunes Server Settings' and contains the following configuration options:

- iTunes Server:** A radio button selection with 'Enable' selected and 'Disable' unselected.
- Folder:** A checkbox for 'root' which is currently unchecked. Below it is a text input field and a 'Browse' button.
- Auto Refresh:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'none'.

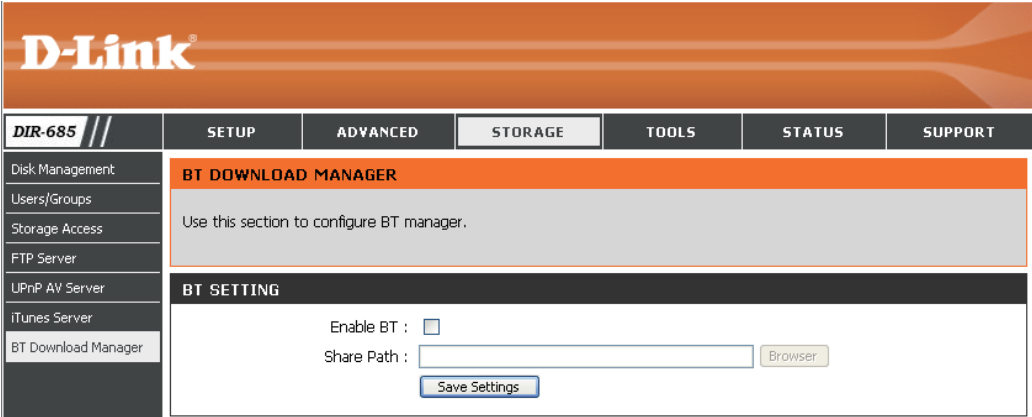
At the top of the settings area, there is a message: 'Configure iTunes Server settings for streaming music directly to clients running iTunes software.' Below this message are two buttons: 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings'. On the right side of the interface, there is a 'Helpful Hints..' section with a bullet point stating: 'iTunes will automatically detect the DIR-685 on the network. It will be listed on the left side of the program, below Library.' and a 'More...' link.

BT Download Manager

The DIR-685 features a built-in BitTorrent Manager that allows you to download and upload torrent files.

Enable BT: Tick the checkbox to enable the DIR-685 BitTorrent Manager.

Share Path: Specifies the folder that will be used for Downloading and Uploading Torrents. Click the **Browse** button to browse to the required folder on one of the hard drives connected to the DIR-685.



Admin

This page will allow you to change the Administrator and User passwords. You can also enable Remote Management. There are two accounts that can access the management interface through the web browser. The accounts are admin and user. Admin has read/write access while user has read-only access. User can view settings but cannot make any changes. Only the admin account has the ability to change both admin and user account passwords.

Administrator Password: Enter a new password for the Administrator account. The administrator can make changes to router settings.

Enable Graphical Authentication: Tick the checkbox to display the graphical authentication window on the login screen. Enabling this option adds an extra level of security as it requires users to type the password that appears in the graphical authentication window on the login screen, in addition to their user name and password.

Enable Remote Management: Remote Management allows the DIR-685 to be configured from the Internet using a web browser. A username and password is still required to access the Web-Management interface. By default only a member of your network can browse the built-in web pages to perform Administrator tasks. This feature enables you to perform Administrator tasks from the remote (Internet) host.

IP Permitted to Access: If Remote Management is enabled, you can type an IP address in this field to restrict remote access to the specified IP address. Leave this field blank if you want to allow remote access from any computer on the Internet.

Port: The port number used to access the DIR-685 from the Internet.

Example: `http://x.x.x.x:8080` where x.x.x.x is the Internet IP address of the DIR-685 and 8080 is the port used for the Web Management interface.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-685 web management interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, STORAGE, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various settings categories: Admin, Time, Log Settings, Email Settings, System, Firmware, Dynamic DNS, System Check, and Schedules. The main content area is titled 'ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS' and contains the following sections:

- ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS:** A message states, 'There is no password for this router by default. To help secure your network, we recommend that you choose a new password.' Below this are two buttons: 'Save Settings' and 'Don't Save Settings'.
- ADMINISTRATOR (THE DEFAULT LOGIN NAME IS "Admin"):** This section contains two password input fields labeled 'New Password:' and 'Confirm Password:'.
- ADMINISTRATION:** This section includes three settings:
 - 'Enable Graphical Authentication:' with a checked checkbox.
 - 'Enable Remote Management:' with an unchecked checkbox.
 - 'IP Permitted to Access:' with a text input field containing '0.0.0.0'.
 - 'Port:' with a dropdown menu showing '8080'.

On the right side of the interface, there is a 'Helpful Hints...' section with two bullet points:

- 'For security reasons, it is recommended that you change the Login Name and Password for the Administrator accounts. Be sure to write down the new Login Names and Passwords to avoid having to reset the router in the event that they are forgotten.'
- 'When enabling Remote Management, you can specify the IP address of the computer on the Internet that you want to have access to your router, or leave it blank to allow access to any computer on the Internet.'

 A 'More...' link is located at the bottom of this section.

Time

The Time Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in and set the Time Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

Time Zone: Select the Time Zone from the drop-down menu.

Enable Daylight Saving: To select Daylight Saving time manually, select enabled or disabled, and enter a start date and an end date for daylight saving time.

Sync. your computer's time settings: Click this button to synchronize the DIR-685's clock with the time set on your computer.

Automatically synchronize with D-Link's Internet time server: NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. NTP synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. Tick this box to use one of the D-Link NTP server's.

NTP Server Used: Use the drop-down menu to select one of the D-Link Internet time servers.

Set the Time and Date Manually: To manually input the time, enter the values in these fields for the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Admin
Time
Log Settings
Email Settings
System
Firmware
Dynamic DNS
System Check
Schedules

TIME AND DATE

The Time and Date Configuration option allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone you are in and set the NTP (Network Time Protocol) Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to adjust the time when needed.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

Time : 01/01/1970 20:13:11
Time Zone : (GMT+08:00) Taipei
Enable Daylight Saving : ☐ Sync. your computer's time settings

AUTOMATIC TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION

☒ Automatically synchronize with D-Link's Internet time server
NTP Server Used : ntp1.dlink.com Update Now

SET THE TIME AND DATE MANUALLY

Year: 2009 Month: Feb Day: 17
Hour: 8 Minute: 28 Second: 52

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Helpful Hints..

- Either enter the time manually by clicking the **Sync. Your Computers Time Settings** button, or use the **Automatic Time Configuration** option to have your router synchronize with a time server on the Internet.

More...

Log Settings

The Broadband Router keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the Router. You may send these logs to a SysLog server on your network.

Save Log File: Click the **Save** button to save the log results to your hard drive.

Log Types: Select the type of information displayed in the router log.

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DIR-685

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE **TOOLS** STATUS SUPPORT

LOG SETTINGS

Logs can be saved by sending it to an admin email address.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

SAVE LOG FILE

Save Log File To Local Hard Drive Save

LOG TYPE

Log Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> System Activity
	<input type="checkbox"/> Debug Information
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attacks
	<input type="checkbox"/> Dropped Packets
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice

Helpful Hints..

- Click on the **Save** button to save the log file to a local hard drive which can later be sent to the network administrator for troubleshooting. You can also select what type of event you would like logged from **Log Type**.

More...

Email Settings

The E-mail feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware update notification to your e-mail address.

Enable Email Notification: When this option is enabled, router activity logs are e-mailed to a designated e-mail address.

From Email Address: This e-mail address will appear as the sender when you receive a log file or firmware upgrade notification via e-mail.

To Email Address: Enter the e-mail address where you want the e-mail sent.

Email Subject: Enter a Subject for the e-mail messages that will be sent from the DIR-685.

SMTP Server Address: Enter the SMTP server address for sending e-mail.

SMTP Server Port: Enter the Port Number used by your SMTP Server.

Enable Authentication: Tick this box if your SMTP server requires authentication.

Account Name: If ticking the **Enable Authentication** checkbox, enter the account used to authenticate with the SMTP server.

Password: Enter the password associated with the account used to authenticate with the SMTP Server. Re-type the password associated with the account in the **Verify Password** field.

Send Mail Now: Click this button to send a test e-mail from the DIR-685 to the e-mail address specified in the **To Email Address** field.

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

EMAIL SETTINGS

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware update notifications to your email address.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

ENABLE

Enable Email Notification ☐

EMAIL SETTINGS

From Email Address

To Email Address

Email Subject

SMTP Server Address

SMTP Server Port

Enable Authentication ☐

Account Name

Password

Verify Password

Send Mail Now

Helpful Hints..

- You may want to make the email settings similar to those of your email client program.

More...

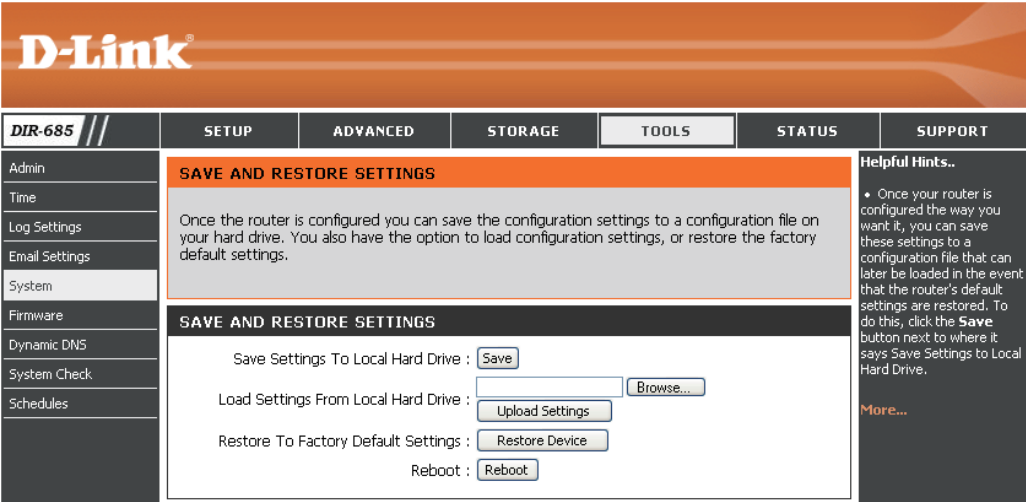
System

Save Settings to Local Hard Drive: Use this option to save the current router configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. First, click the **Save** button. You will then see a file dialog, where you can select a location and file name for the settings.

Load Settings from Local Hard Drive: Use this option to load previously saved router configuration settings. First, use the Browse control to find a previously saved configuration file. Then, click the **Load** button to transfer those settings to the router.

Restore to Factory Default Settings: This option will restore all settings back to the settings that were in effect at the time the router was shipped from the factory. Any settings that have not been saved will be lost, including any rules that you have created. If you would to save the current router configuration settings, use the **Save** button above.

Reboot: Click to reboot the router.



Firmware

You can upgrade the firmware of the Router here. Make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. Click on **Browse** to locate the firmware file to be used for the update. Please check the D-Link support site for firmware updates at <http://support.dlink.com>. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the D-Link support site.

Firmware Information: Click on **Check Now** to find out if there is an updated firmware; if so, download the new firmware to your hard drive.

Firmware Upgrade: After you have downloaded the new firmware, click **Browse** to locate the firmware update on your hard drive. Click **Upload** to complete the firmware upgrade.

The screenshot shows the D-Link DIR-685 web interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for SETUP, ADVANCED, STORAGE, TOOLS, STATUS, and SUPPORT. The left sidebar lists various settings: Admin, Time, Log Settings, Email Settings, System, Firmware (selected), Dynamic DNS, System Check, and Schedules. The main content area is titled 'FIRMWARE UPDATE' and contains the following information:

- FIRMWARE UPDATE**: A section with instructions on how to upgrade the firmware. It mentions that there may be new firmware for the DIR-685 to improve functionality and performance, and provides a link to check for updates on the support site. It also explains that the language pack allows users to change the language of the user interface and provides instructions on how to upgrade the language pack.
- FIRMWARE INFORMATION**: A section displaying the current firmware version (1.00) and the current firmware date (Fri 13 Feb 2009). It includes a 'Check Online Now for Latest Firmware Version' button.
- FIRMWARE UPGRADE**: A section with a note stating that some firmware upgrades reset configuration options to factory defaults. It provides instructions on how to upgrade the firmware, including a requirement for a wired connection to the router. It includes an 'Upload' button and a 'Browse...' button to select the firmware file.

On the right side of the interface, there is a 'Helpful Hints..' section with a note about firmware updates being released periodically to improve functionality and add features. It encourages users to check the support site for updates and provides a 'More...' link.

Dynamic DNS

The DDNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game, etc.) with your dynamically assigned IP address, using a domain name. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter in your domain name to connect to the server no matter what your IP address is.

Enable DDNS: Dynamic Domain Name System is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a changing IP Address. Tick the checkbox to enable DDNS.

Server Address: Choose your DDNS provider from the drop down menu.

Host Name: Enter the **Host Name** that you registered with your DDNS service provider.

Username: Enter the **Username** of your DDNS account.

Password: Enter the **Password** for your DDNS account.

DDNS Account Testing: Click this button to test the Dynamic DNS settings.

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DIR-685 //

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Admin
Time
Log Settings
Email Settings
System
Firmware
Dynamic DNS
System Check
Schedules

DYNAMIC DNS

The Dynamic DNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter your host name to connect to your game server no matter what your IP address is.

[Sign up for D-Link's Free DDNS service at www.DLinkDDNS.com.](http://www.DLinkDDNS.com)

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

DYNAMIC DNS SETTINGS

Enable DDNS : ☐

Server Address : dlinkddns.com(Free) ▼

Host Name :

Username :

Password :

DDNS Account Testing

Helpful Hints..

- To use this feature, you must first have a Dynamic DNS account from one of the providers in the drop down menu.

[More...](#)

System Check

VCT Info: Displays the connection status of the Ethernet cables connected to your router.

Ping Test: The Ping Test is used to send ping packets to test if a computer is on the Internet. Enter the IP Address that you wish to ping, and click **Ping**.

Ping Result: The results of your ping attempts will be displayed here.

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DIR-685

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE **TOOLS** STATUS SUPPORT

Admin
Time
Log Settings
Email Settings
System
Firmware
Dynamic DNS
System Check
Schedules

SYSTEM CHECK

The System Check tool can be used to verify the physical connectivity on both the LAN and Internet interfaces. The Ping Test tool can be used to verify the status of the Internet connection.

VCT INFO

Ports	Link Status	
Internet	Disconnected	More Info
LAN4	Disconnected	More Info
LAN3	Disconnected	More Info
LAN2	Disconnected	More Info
LAN1	1000Mbps FULL Duplex	More Info

PING TEST

Ping Test is used to send "Ping" packets to test if a computer is on the Internet.

Host Name or IP Address : [Ping](#)

PING RESULT

Helpful Hints..

- "Ping" checks whether a computer on the Internet is running and responding. Enter either the IP address of the target computer or enter its fully qualified domain name.

[More...](#)

Schedules

Name: Enter a name for your new schedule.

Days: Select a day, a range of days. You may also choose **All Week** to include every day.

Time: Tick **All Day - 24hrs** or enter a start and end time for your schedule.

Save: Click **Save** to save your schedule. You must click **Save Settings** at the top for your schedules to go into effect.

Schedule Rules List: The list of schedules will be listed here. Click the **Notepad** icon to make changes or click the **Trashcan** icon to remove the schedule.

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DIR-685

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE **TOOLS** STATUS SUPPORT

Admin
Time
Log Settings
Email Settings
System
Firmware
Dynamic DNS
System Check
Schedules

SCHEDULES

The Schedule configuration option is used to manage schedule rules for "Access Control", "Firewall Rules" and "Parental Control".

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

10 - ADD SCHEDULE RULE

Name :

Day(s) : ☐ All Week ☒ Select Day(s)

☐ Sun ☐ Mon ☐ Tue ☐ Wed ☐ Thu ☐ Fri ☐ Sat

All Day - 24 hrs : ☐

Start Time : : : AM (hour:minute, 12 hour time)

End Time : : : AM (hour:minute, 12 hour time)

SCHEDULE RULES LIST

Name	Day(s)	Time Frame		
2	All Week	00:00 ~ 23:58		
rwtest	All Week	00:00 ~ 23:50		
fff	Sun, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, Sat	All Day - 24 hrs		

Helpful Hints..

- Schedules are used with a number of other features to define when those features are in effect.
- Give each schedule a name that is meaningful to you. For example, a schedule for Monday through Friday from 3:00pm to 9:00pm, might be called "After School".
- Click **Save** to add a completed schedule to the list below.
- Click **Edit** icon to change an existing schedule.
- Click **Delete** icon to permanently delete a schedule.

[More...](#)

Device Info

This page displays current status information for the DIR-685. The LAN, WAN (Internet), and Wireless information will be displayed on this page.

If your Internet connection is set up for a Dynamic IP address then a **Release** button and a **Renew** button will be displayed. Use **Release** to disconnect from your ISP and use **Renew** to connect to your ISP.

If your Internet connection is set up for PPPoE, a **Connect** button and a **Disconnect** button will be displayed. Use **Disconnect** to drop the PPPoE connection and use **Connect** to establish the PPPoE connection.

General: Displays the router's time and firmware version.

WAN: Displays the MAC address and the public IP settings for the router.

LAN: Displays the MAC address and the private (local) IP settings for the router.

Wireless LAN: Displays the wireless MAC address and your wireless settings such as SSID and Channel.

LAN Computer: Displays computers and devices that are connected to the router via Ethernet and that are receiving an IP address assigned by the router (DHCP).

IGMP Multicast Memberships: IGMP Multicasts are subscriptions based on audio and/or video streaming. This table displays the audio/video streams that are currently subscribed to by users connected to the LAN side of the router.

UPNP Service: This table displays the rules that have been created by the users using the UPnP protocol. Once UPnP has been enabled on the Router, users using the UPnP protocol can create certain rules similar to those that can be created in the Advanced menu.

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SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Device Info

Log

Statistics

Internet Session

Wireless

DEVICE INFORMATION

All of your Internet and network connection details are displayed on this page. The firmware version is also displayed here.

GENERAL

Time : 1970/01/01 20:38:43
Firmware Version : 1.00 , Fri 13 Feb 2009

WAN

Connection Type : Static IP
Cable Status : Disconnect
Network Status : Disconnect
Connection Up Time : 0 Days, 00:00:00
MAC Address : 00:22:b0:5e:a9:cd
IP Address : 194.22.11.224
Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway : 194.22.11.1
DNS : 194.254.254.1

LAN

MAC Address : 00:22:b0:5e:a9:cc
IP Address : 192.168.0.1
Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
DHCP Server : Enabled

WIRELESS LAN

Wireless Radio : Enable
MAC Address : 00:22:b0:5e:a9:cc
Wireless Band : 2.4GHz
SSID : dlink
Channel : 11
Security Mode : WPA/WPA2-TKIP-PSK

LAN COMPUTER

IP Address	Name (if any)	MAC

IGMP MULTICAST MEMBERSHIPS

Multicast Group IP	Membership IP

UPNP SERVICE

Service Name	IP	Internal Port	External Port	Protocol

WIRELESS

Helpful Hints...

All of your LAN, Internet and WIRELESS 802.11 N connection details are displayed here.

More...

Log

The Log page allows you to view the router logs. The router automatically logs (records) events of potential interest in its internal memory. If there is not enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted. Logs of the latest events will be retained. You can define what types of events you want to view and the level of the events to view. This router also has external Syslog Server support so you can send the log files to a computer on your network that is running a Syslog utility.

First Page: Click this button to view the first page of the log.

Last Page: Click this button to view the last page of the log.

Previous: Click this button to view the previous page of the log.

Next: Click this button to view the next page of the log.

Clear: Click this button to clear all Log entries.

Link To Log Settings: Click this button to open log settings page. You may click **Save** to save the log file to your local hard drive.

You may also choose the type of events to include in the log. The options include:

- System Activity
- Debug Information
- Attacks
- Dropped Packets
- Notice

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DIR-685 // SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Device Info
Log
Statistics
Internet Session
Wireless

VIEW LOG
The View Log displays the activities occurring on the DIR-685.

LOG FILES
First Page Last Page Previous Next Clear Link To Log Settings
Page 1 of 3

Time	Message
Jan 1 03:10:14	Access Control disabled.
Jan 1 03:10:14	Remote management is disabled.
Jan 1 03:10:14	Block WAN PING is enabled.
Jan 1 03:10:13	DMZ disabled.
Jan 1 03:10:13	VPN (L2TP) Pass-Through enabled.
Jan 1 03:10:13	VPN (IPSec) Pass-Through enabled.
Jan 1 03:10:13	VPN (PPTP) Pass-Through enabled.
Jan 1 03:10:13	Domain blocking disabled.
Jan 1 03:10:13	URL blocking disabled.
Jan 1 03:10:13	MAC filter disabled.

Helpful Hints..
• Check the log frequently to detect unauthorized network usage.
More...

Statistics

The screen below displays the Traffic Statistics. Here you can view the amount of packets that pass through the DIR-685's WAN, LAN and Wireless LAN ports. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.

Clicking the **Refresh** button will refresh the Traffic Statistics.

Clicking the **Reset** button will reset all the Traffic Statistics.

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DIR-685 // **SETUP** **ADVANCED** **STORAGE** **TOOLS** **STATUS** **SUPPORT**

Device Info
Log
Statistics
Internet Session
Wireless

TRAFFIC STATISTICS

Traffic Statistics displays Receive and Transmit packets passing through the DIR-685.

TRAFFIC STATISTICS

	Receive	Transmit
Internet	0 Packets	0 Packets
LAN	23433 Packets	37861 Packets
WIRELESS 11n	0 Packets	40628 Packets

Helpful Hints..

- This is a summary displaying the number of packets that have passed between the Internet and the LAN since the router was last initialized.

[More...](#)

Internet Session

The Internet Session page displays full details on the NAPT and NAPT Active sessions through your router. NAPT stands for Network Access Port Translation. NAPT can be used by the router to identify how many Internet sessions are running and what type of Internet sessions are running.

NAPT Sessions: This table displays the TCP, UDP and combined total of NAPT Sessions that are running.

NAPT Active Sessions: This table displays a detailed list of all the NAPT Sessions that are running, and the IP address of the LAN-side PC the session is being run from.

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DIR-685

SETUP ADVANCED STORAGE TOOLS STATUS SUPPORT

Device Info
Log
Statistics
Internet Session
Wireless

INTERNET SESSION

Internet Session displays Source and Destination packets passing through the DIR-685.

Refresh

NAPT SESSIONS

TCP Sessions : 1
UDP Sessions : 0
Total : 1

NAPT ACTIVE SESSIONS

IP Address	TCP Sessions	UDP Sessions
192.168.0.211	1	0


Helpful Hints..

- This is a list of all active conversations between WAN computers and LAN computers.

More...

Wireless

The wireless client table displays a list of currently connected wireless clients. This table also displays their respective connection times and MAC addresses.



DIR-685 //	SETUP	ADVANCED	STORAGE	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
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Device Info

Log

Statistics

Internet Session

Wireless

WIRELESS

The Wireless Client table below displays Wireless clients Connected to the AP (Access Point).

CONNECTED WIRELESS CLIENTS LIST

Connect Time	MAC Address	Mode
--------------	-------------	------

Helpful Hints..

- This is a list of all wireless clients that are currently connected to your wireless router.

[More...](#)

Support

Use the DIR-685 Support page to view support topics on the different features of the device. To view a particular topic, click the hyperlink of the feature you want to view the support information for.

D-Link

DIR-685 // **SETUP** **ADVANCED** **STORAGE** **TOOLS** **STATUS** **SUPPORT**

Menu
Setup
Advanced
Storage
Tools
Status

SUPPORT MENU

- [Setup](#)
- [Advanced](#)
- [Storage](#)
- [Tools](#)
- [Status](#)

SETUP

- [Internet Setup](#)
- [Wireless Setup](#)
- [Network Setup](#)
- [LCD Setup](#)

ADVANCED

- [Port Forwarding](#)
- [Application Rules](#)
- [QoS Engine](#)
- [Network Filter](#)
- [Website Filter](#)
- [Firewall Settings](#)
- [Routing](#)
- [Advanced Wireless](#)
- [Advanced Network](#)
- [Guest Zone](#)
- [Wake on LAN](#)

STORAGE

- [Disk Management](#)
- [Users/Groups](#)
- [Storage Access](#)
- [FTP Server](#)
- [UPnP AV Server](#)
- [iTunes Server](#)
- [BT Download Manager](#)

TOOLS

- [Admin](#)
- [Time](#)
- [Log Settings](#)
- [Email Settings](#)
- [System](#)
- [Firmware](#)
- [Dynamic DNS](#)
- [System Check](#)
- [Schedules](#)

STATUS

- [Device Info](#)
- [Log](#)
- [Statistics](#)
- [Internet Session](#)
- [Wireless](#)

WIRELESS

Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The DIR-685 offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)
- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

What is WPA?

WPA, or Wi-Fi Protected Access, is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

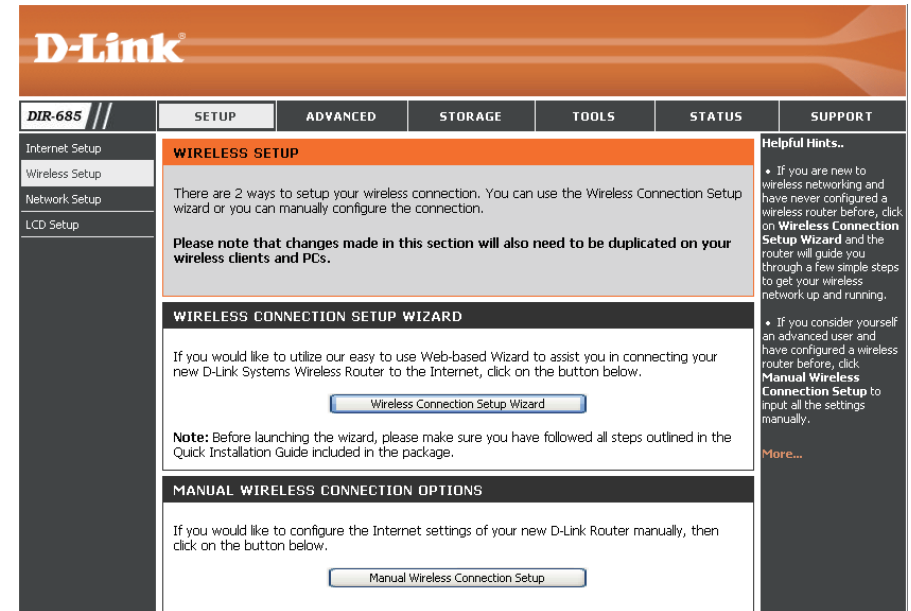
- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys have not been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

Wireless Connection Setup Wizard

To run the security wizard, click on Setup at the top and then click **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard**.



The following window appears, summarizing the steps of the Wireless Setup Wizard.

Click the **Next** button to start the Wizard.



Type your desired wireless network name (SSID).

Automatically: Select this option to automatically generate the router's network key and click **Next** to complete the Wireless Setup Wizard.

Manually: Select this option to manually enter your network key and click **Next**.

If you selected **Manually**, the following screen will appear.

- Type a Wireless Security Key in the *Network Key* field.
- Click **Next** to complete the Wireless Setup Wizard

The summary window will display your settings. If you chose the Automatic option, write down the security key and enter this on your wireless clients. Click **Save** to save your settings.

STEP 1: SETUP YOUR WIRELESS NETWORK

Give your network a name, using up to 32 characters.

Wireless Network Name (SSID)

☒ Automatically assign a network key (Recommended)

To prevent intruders from accessing your network, the router will automatically assign a security key (also called WEP or WPA key) to your network.

☐ Manually assign a network key

Use this option if you prefer to create your own key.

☒ Use WPA encryption instead of WEP (WPA is stronger than WEP and all D-LINK wireless client adapters support WPA)

STEP 2: SET YOUR WIRELESS SECURITY PASSWORD

You have selected your wireless security level - you will need to set a wireless security password.

The WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) key must meet one of following guidelines:

- Between 8 to 63 characters (A longer WPA key is more secure than a short one)
- Exactly 64 characters using 0-9 and A-F

Network Key :

Note: You will need to enter the same password that you created in this step into your wireless clients in order to enable proper wireless communication.

SETUP COMPLETE!

Below is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write down the information on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client adapters.

Wireless Network Name (SSID) : dlink

Security Mode : Auto (WPA or WPA2) - Personal

Cipher Type : TKIP or AES

Network Key : Mwb9WfzDpf

Note: In some smart wireless utilities (e.g. D-LINK wireless utility or wireless zero configuration), you only need to select a Wireless Network Name and enter a Network Key to access the Internet.

Add Wireless Device with the WPS Wizard

From the **Setup > Wireless Setup** screen, click the **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** button.

Click the **Add Wireless Device with WPS** button.

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP (ALSO CALLED WCN 2.0 IN WINDOWS VISTA)

Enable : ☒

Current PIN : 21961441

Generate New PIN Reset PIN to Default

Wi-Fi Protected Status : Enabled / Configured

Reset to Unconfigured Add Wireless Device with WPS

PIN: Select this option to use PIN method. In order to use this method you must know the wireless client's 8 digit PIN and click **Connect**.

Push Button: Select this option to use PBC (Push Button) method to add a wireless client. Click **Connect**.

ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS

There are two ways to add wireless devices to your wireless network: PIN number or Push Button.

If the wireless device you are adding to your wireless network only comes with a PIN number, enter its PIN number below to add this device to your wireless network.

PIN : Connect

If the wireless device you are adding to your wireless network has both options available, you may use the Virtual Push Button if you prefer.

PUSH BUTTON : Virtual Push Button

(The Virtual Push Button acts the same as the physical Push Button on the router)

Configure WPA/WPA2 (PSK)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead.

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Setup** on the left side.
2. Click the **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** button.
3. Next to *Security Mode*, select **Enable WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security (enhanced)**.
4. Next to *Cypher Type*, select **TKIP**, **AES**, or **Both**.
5. Next to *PSK / EAP* select **PSK** from the drop-down menu.
6. Next to *Network Key*, enter a key (passphrase). The key is entered as a pass-phrase in ASCII format at both ends of the wireless connection. The pass-phrase must be between 8 and 63 characters.
7. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings. If you are configuring the router with a wireless adapter, you will lose connectivity until you enable WPA-PSK on your adapter and enter the same passphrase as you did on the router.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Enable Wireless : ☒ Always

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

802.11 Mode :

Enable Auto Channel Selection : ☒

Wireless Channel :

Transmission Rate : (Mbit/s)

Channel Width :

Short Guard Interval : ☐

WMM Enable : ☒ (Wireless QoS)

Enable Hidden Wireless : ☐ (Also called "Disable SSID Broadcast")

WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode :

WPA / WPA2

WPA/WPA2 requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

Network Key :

(8~63 ASCII or 64 HEX)

Configure WPA/WPA2 (EAP)

It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router before your wireless network adapters. Please establish wireless connectivity before enabling encryption. Your wireless signal may degrade when enabling encryption due to the added overhead. You can configure the DIR-685 to use the 802.1x protocol by enabling the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). Carry out the following steps to configure EAP on the DIR-685:

1. Log into the web-based configuration by opening a web browser and entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1). Click on **Setup** and then click **Wireless Setup** on the left side.
2. Click the **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** button.
3. Next to *Security Mode*, select **Enable WPA/WPA2 Wireless Security (enhanced)**.
4. Next to *Cypher Type*, select **TKIP**, **AES**, or **Both**.
5. Next to *PSK / EAP* select **EAP** from the drop-down menu.
6. Next to *RADIUS Server IP Address*, enter the IP address of your RADIUS Server.
7. Enter the port used by your RADIUS Server in the *Port* field.
8. Enter the Shared Secret used by your RADIUS Server in the *Shared Secret* field.
9. Click **Save Settings** to save your settings.

WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS

Enable Wireless : ☒ Always

Wireless Network Name : (Also called the SSID)

802.11 Mode :

Enable Auto Channel Selection : ☒

Wireless Channel :

Transmission Rate : (Mbit/s)

Channel Width :

Short Guard Interval : ☐

WMM Enable : ☒ (Wireless QoS)

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WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode :

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WPA/WPA2 requires stations to use high grade encryption and authentication.

Cipher Type :

PSK / EAP :

Network Key :

(8~63 ASCII or 64 HEX)

D-Link DIR-685 User Manual

112

Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows Vista®

Windows Vista® users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's utility or Windows® 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista® utility as seen below.

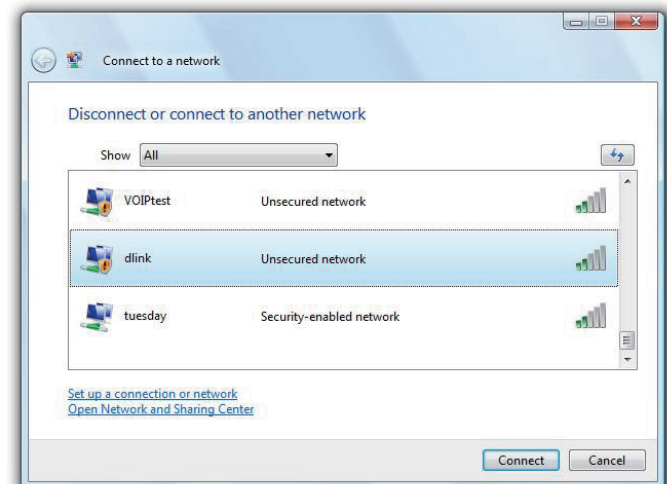
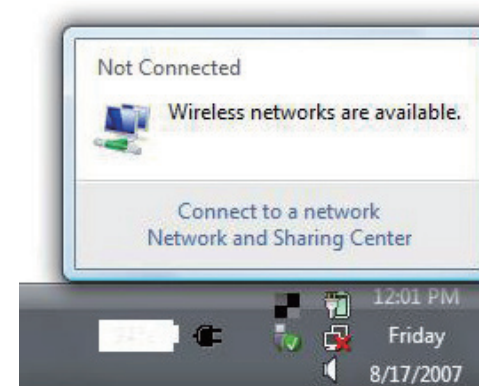
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

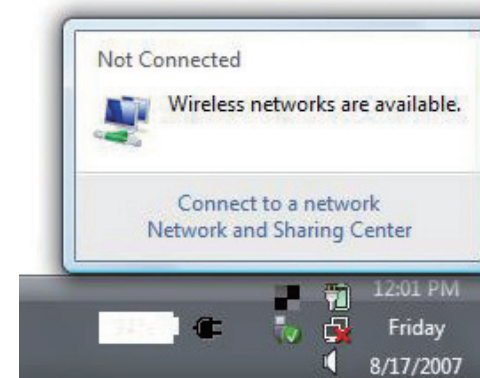
If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check the TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



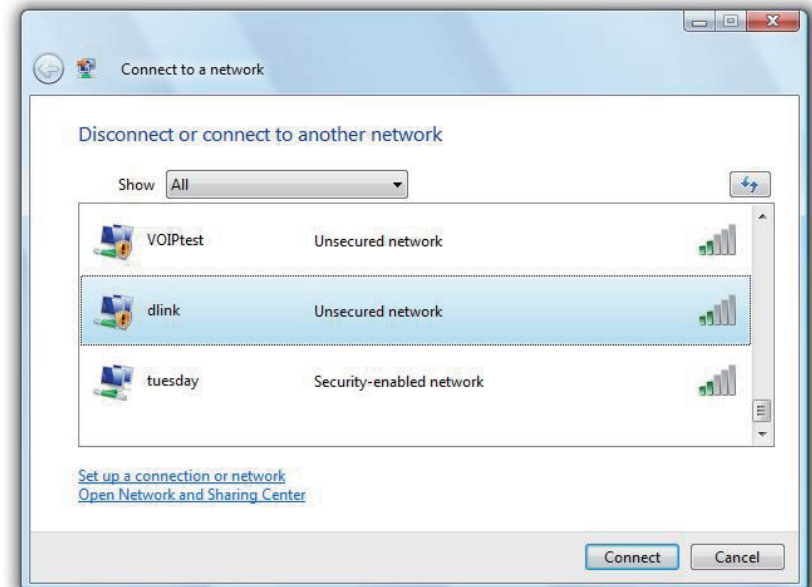
Configure Wireless Security

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows Vista® Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select **Connect to a network**.

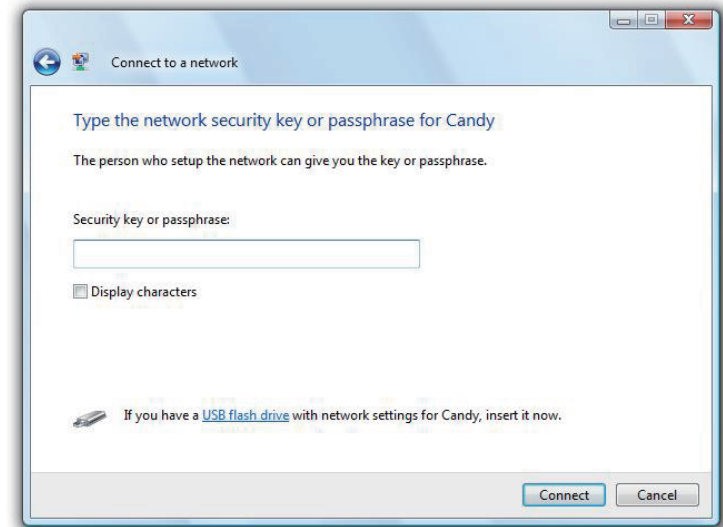


2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Connect Using WCN 2.0 in Windows Vista®

The router supports Wi-Fi protection, referred to as WCN 2.0 in Windows Vista®. The following instructions for setting this up depend on whether you are using Windows Vista® to configure the router or third party software.

When you first set up the router, Wi-Fi protection is disabled and unconfigured. To enjoy the benefits of Wi-Fi protection, the router must be both enabled and configured. There are three basic methods to accomplish this: use Windows Vista's built-in support for WCN 2.0, use software provided by a third party, or manually configure.

If you are running Windows Vista®, log into the router and tick the **Enable** checkbox in the **Wireless Setup > Wi-Fi Protected Setup** window. Use the Current PIN that is displayed in the **Wi-Fi Protected Setup** section or create a new PIN by clicking the **Generate New PIN** button. Click the **Reset PIN to Default** button to reset the PIN to default settings.



If you are using third party software to set up Wi-Fi Protection, carefully follow the directions. When you are finished, proceed to the next section to set up the newly-configured router.

Connect to a Wireless Network Using Windows® XP

Windows® XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility or Windows® 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows® XP utility as seen below.

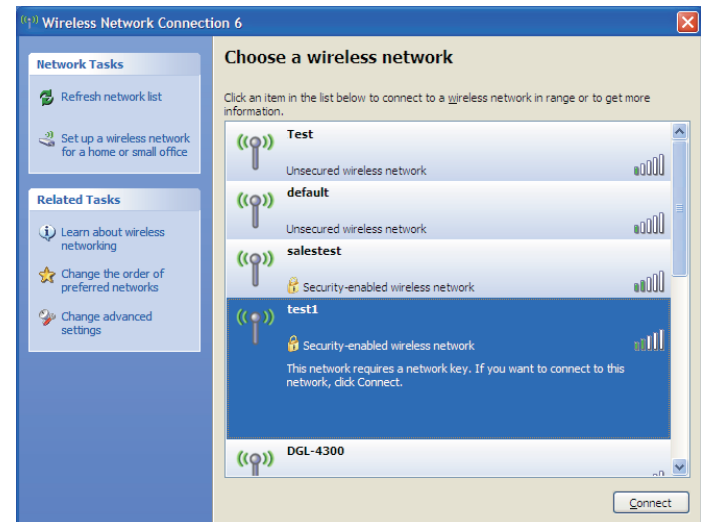
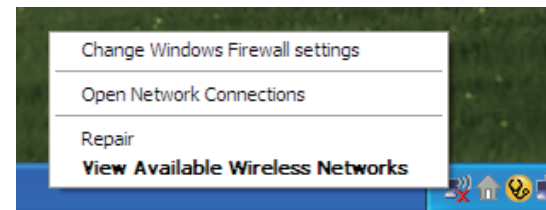
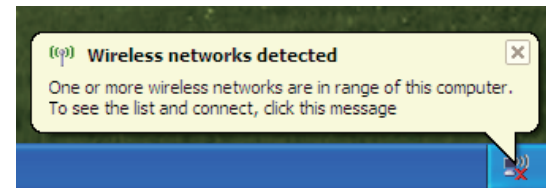
If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

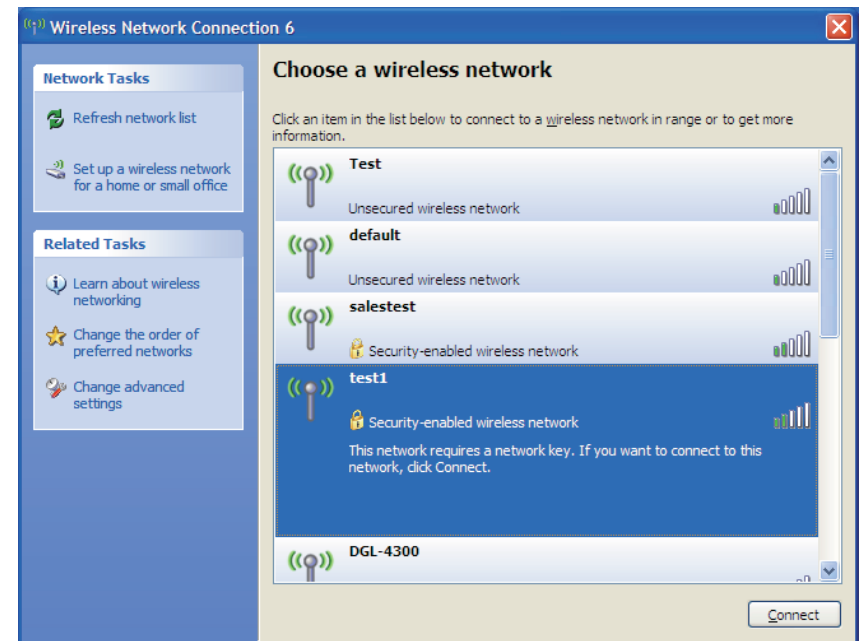
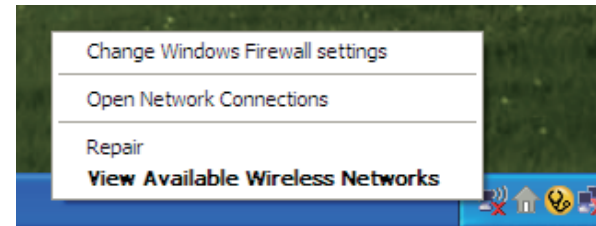
If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.



Configure WPA-PSK

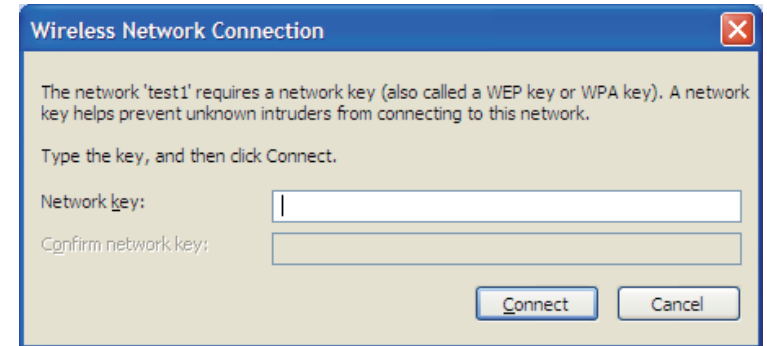
It is recommended to enable encryption on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows® XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.
2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.



3. The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK passphrase and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The WPA-PSK passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



File Sharing

The DIR-685 differs from most routers as it combines the functions of a Network Attached Storage (NAS) device and a router. Combining the NAS and router functions simplifies network configuration by eliminating the need to implement a port forwarding rule, that would normally be required when connecting to a NAS device over a WAN connection. Once the FTP Server function has been enabled, the DIR-685 will automatically configure itself to open the port for the FTP protocol.

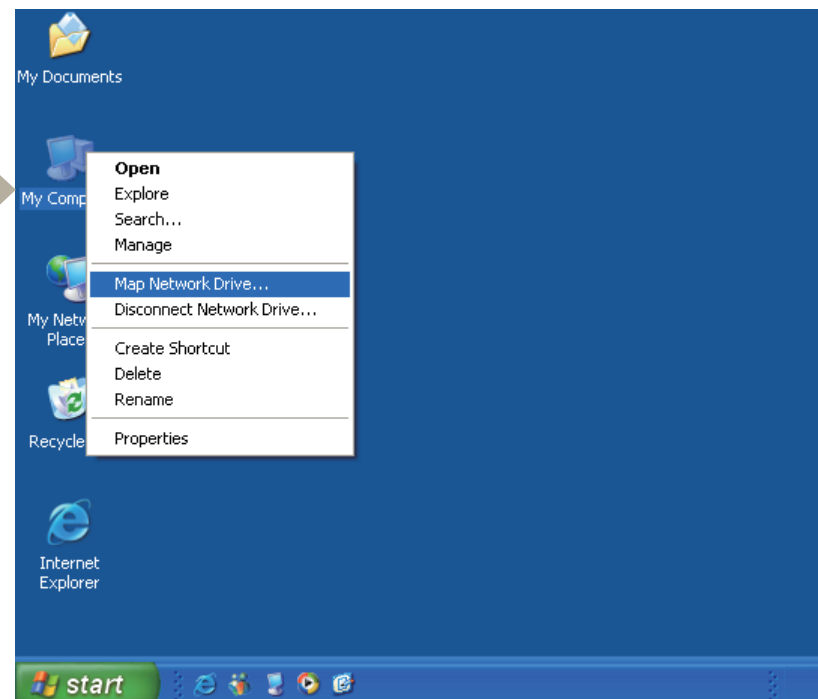
Complete the following steps to set up File Sharing on the DIR-685:

1. Create a user or group in the **Users/Groups** window (see the **Users/Groups** section on page 64 for instructions on creating users and groups).
2. Create a Network Access List to define the users or groups that you want to give FTP access to in **Storage>Storage Access** window (see the **Network Access Lists** section on page 68 for more instructions on creating Network Access Lists).
3. You can now connect to the DIR-685 by mapping a network drive or with My Network Places.

Mapping a Drive

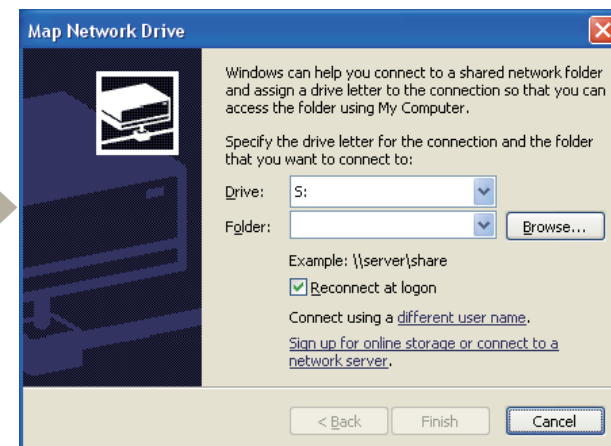
Carry out the following to setup map a drive to the DIR-685:

Right-click the **My Computer** icon on your desktop and select the **Map Network Drive** option.



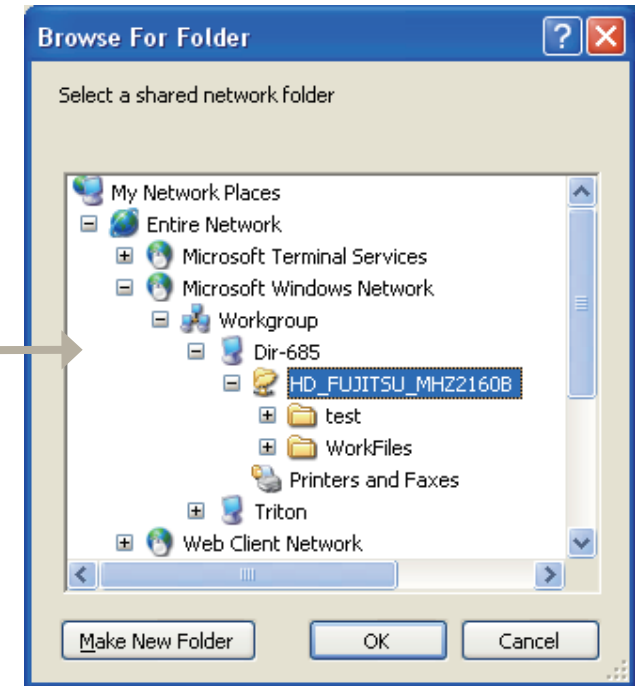
The **Map Network Drive** window appears.

- Choose an available drive letter from the **Drive** drop-down menu.
- Click the **Browse** button to browse to the DIR-685.

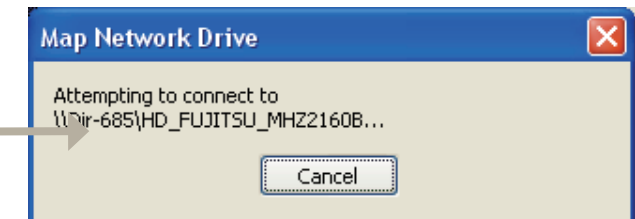


The **Browse For Folder** window appears.

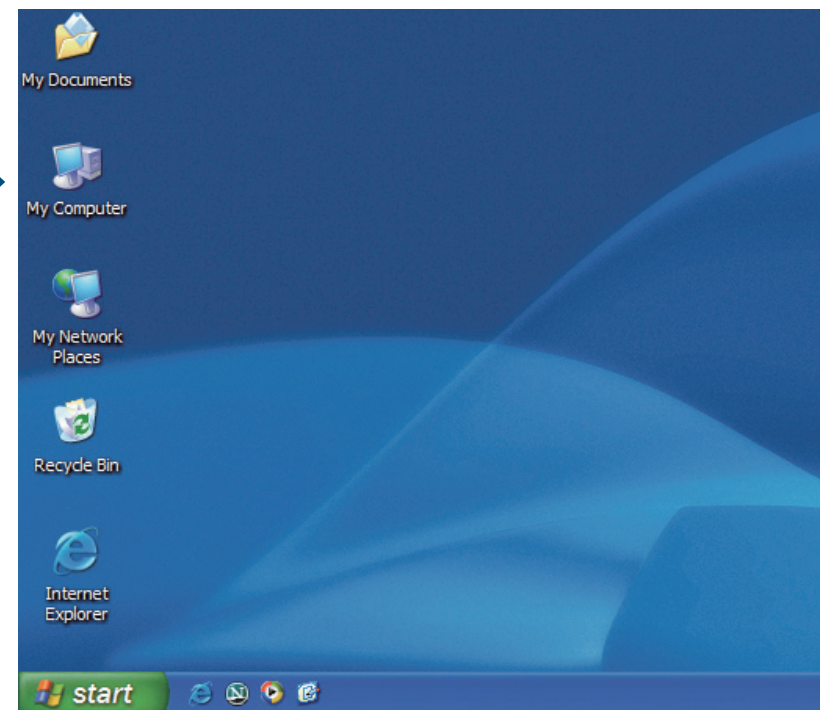
- Browse to the Shared Folder on the DIR-685
- Click the **OK** button.



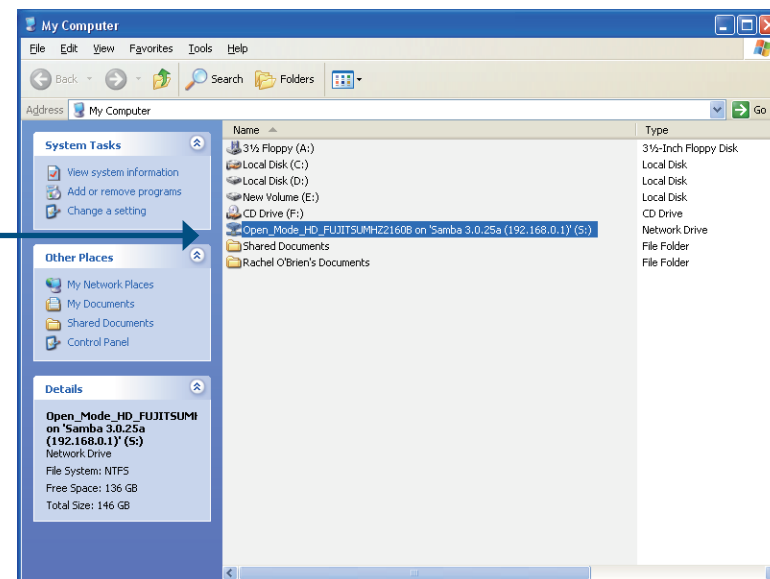
The following window appears to indicate that the drive is being mapped on the PC.



Double-click the My Computer icon on your desktop.



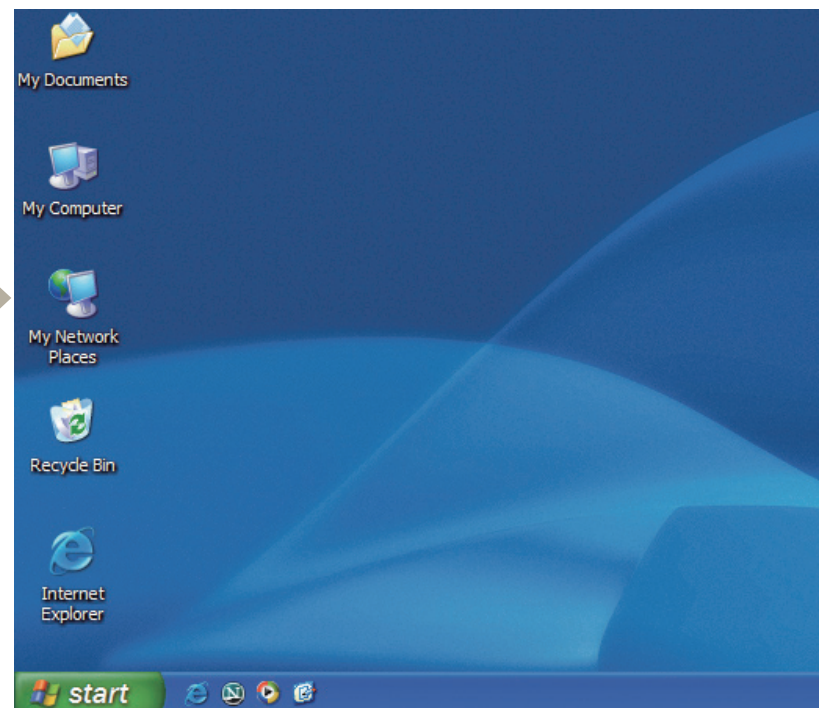
Double-click on the mapped drive to access the files and folders.



My Network Places

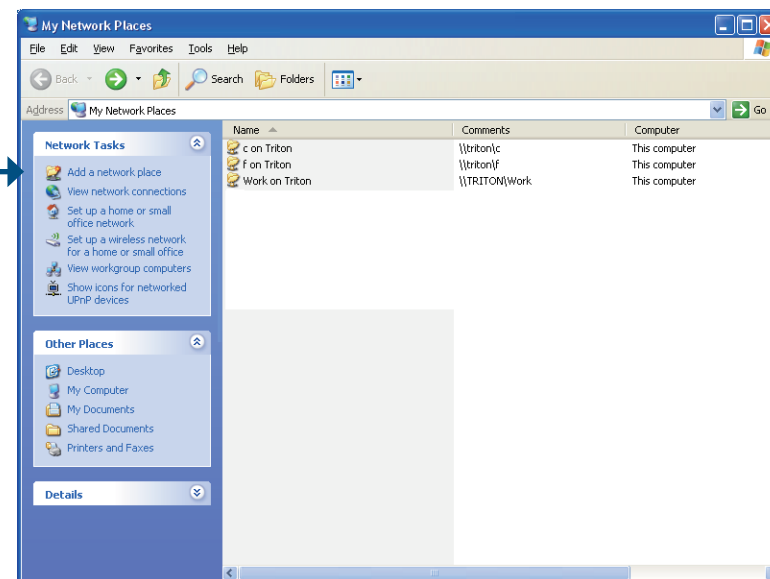
Carry out the following to browse to the DIR-685's FTP directory using My Network Places:

Double-click the **My Network Places** icon on your desktop.



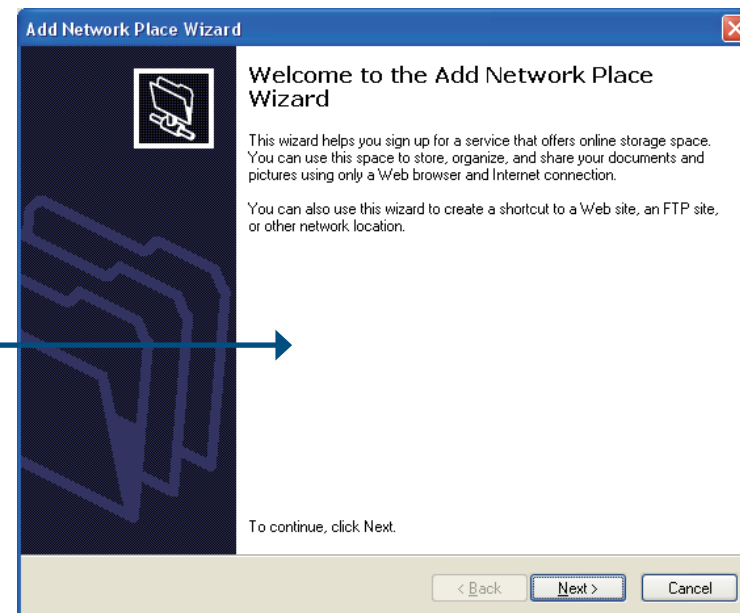
The **My Network Places** window appears.

Click the **Add a network place** icon on the left-hand side of the window.

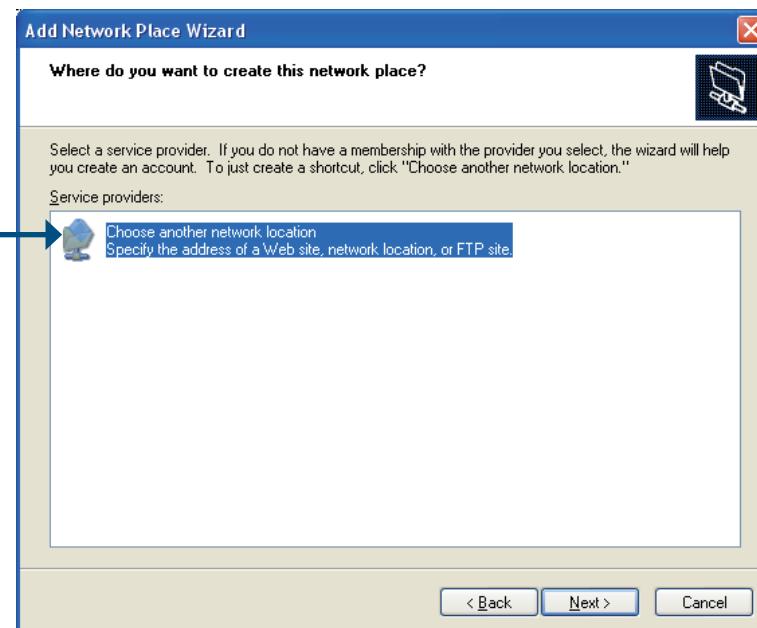


The **Add Network Place Wizard** opens.

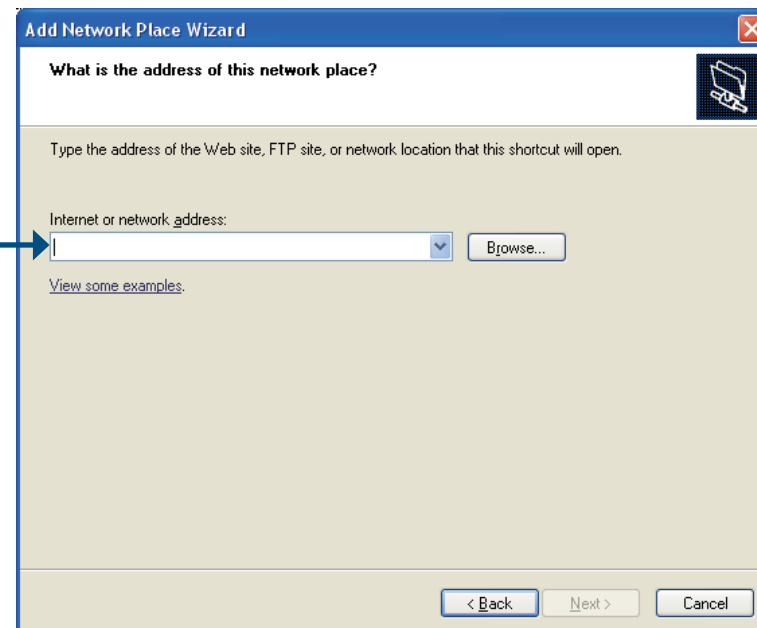
Click the **Next** button to start the Wizard.



Double-click the **Choose another network location** folder.

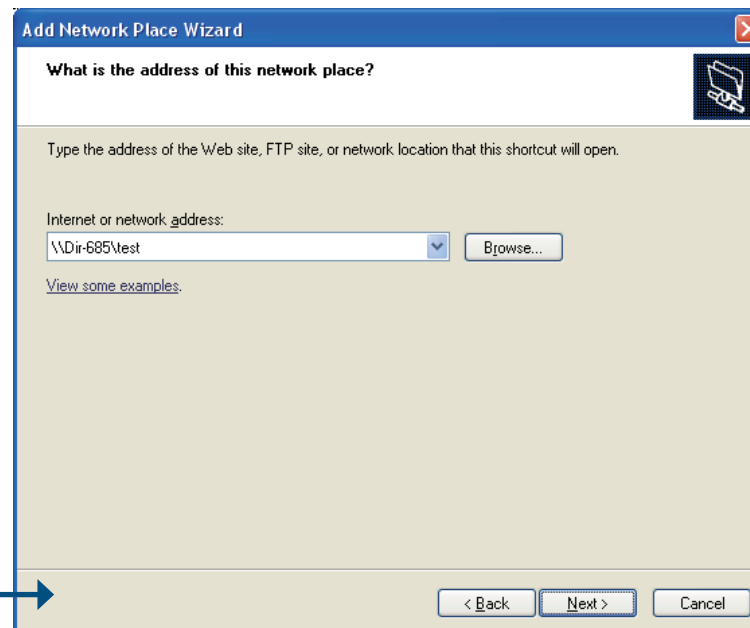
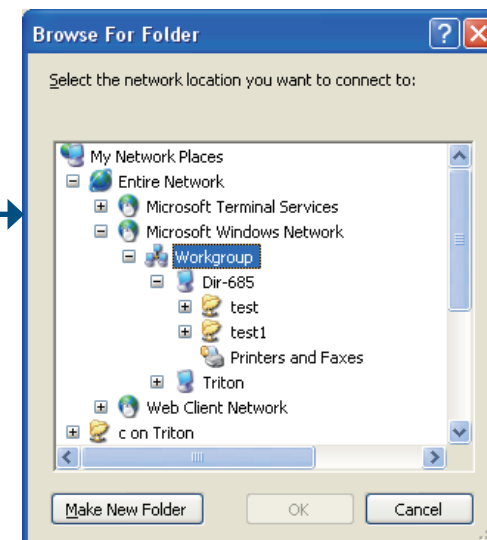


Click the **Browse** button to browse to the FTP folder on the DIR-685.



In the **Browse for Folder** window, expand **Microsoft Windows Network > Workgroup** > **DIR-685** and click on the folder you will use for FTP file transfers.

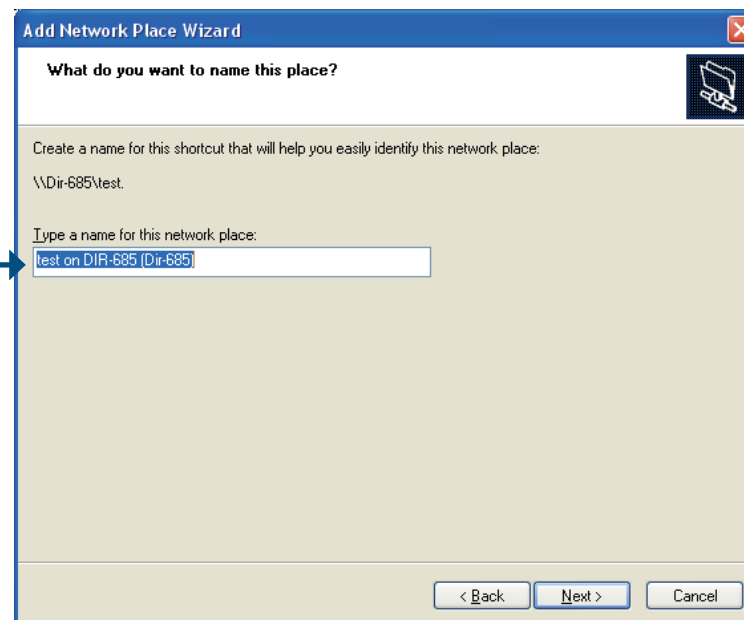
Click **OK** to set the folder.



Click the **Next** button to proceed to the next window.

Type a name to easily identify the DIR-685 Network Place.

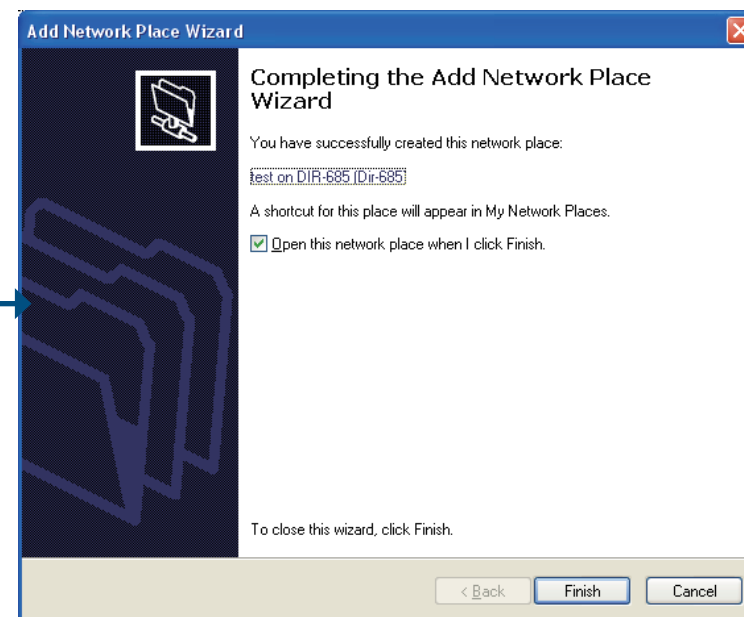
Click the **Next** button to proceed to the next setup window.



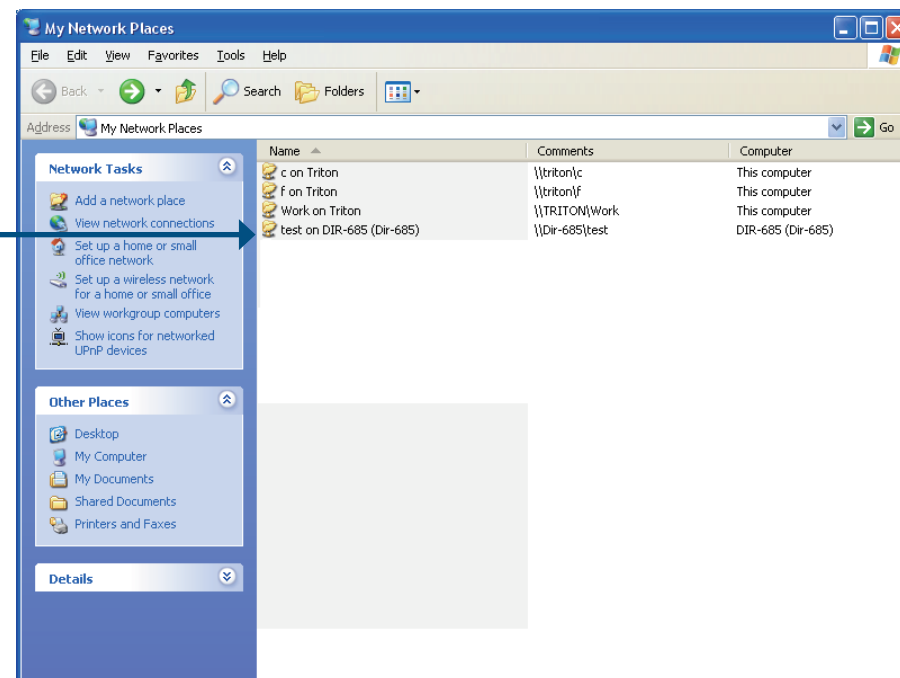
The following window appears to indicate that the **Add Network Place Wizard** has completed.

Tick the **Open this network place when I click Finish** checkbox if you want to view the FTP directory on the DIR-685.

Click the **Finish** button to finish setting up the FTP directory.



The FTP directory on the DIR-685 will now appear as a network place in **My Network Places**.



FrameChannel®

FrameChannel (<http://dlinkrouter.framechannel.com>), is a free online service that allows you to add, create, and manage channels with personalized content. FrameChannel also allows you to set up your router's LCD to incorporate images from popular photo sharing websites, such as Facebook®, Flickr®, Picasa®, and more. Your frame will automatically update when changes are made to any of your photo sharing sites. FrameChannel provides multilingual content in English, Spanish, French, and German.

The following pages outline the steps needed to create and activate your FrameChannel account. Until you register with FrameChannel, your DIR-685 will display an activation message like the one below when you access FrameChannel from the LCD Main Menu.





Building Networks for People

Display photos, news, weather, sports scores and other information from the internet. Free service provided by D-Link and FrameChannel.

1

Activate your frame by pointing a web browser to this address from any PC. Create a free account or log into an existing account.

dlink.framechannel.com

2

Enter this Activation Code after logging into your account.

ABC123

3

Click Enter to connect or Back to cancel.

Click **Enter**

1. Make sure that your router and PC are connected to the Internet.
2. Open a web browser on your PC and connect to the website: **http://dlinkrouter.framechannel.com**
3. Click **Get Started Now**.
4. Enter the Activation Code displayed on your LCD's FrameChannel message. Click **Save & Continue** to proceed.

Note: The Activation Code can be found on your router's LCD menu. Use the left or right touch screen buttons to select FrameChannel and open by pressing the middle button.

5. Enter your account information. Read the Terms of Service and click on the checkbox to confirm.

Note: You may wish to write down all of your account information for future reference.

6. Click **Save & Continue** to proceed.

Sign Up for a FrameChannel Account

Step 1 - Activate your frame

Enter the activation code displayed on your wireless frame. The activation code will be displayed once you connect your frame to your wireless router and select 'Internet Content' from the main menu. You may skip this step now and activate the frame later by logging into your FrameChannel account.

Code:

Skip this step

Save & Continue

Step 2 - Account information

Step 3 - Where's your frame?

Step 4 - Invite friends to publish on your frame

Step 1 - Activate your frame

Step 2 - Account information

First Name*

Last Name*

Email*

Username*

Password*

Confirm Password*

☐ I agree to the [FrameChannel Terms of Service](#)

Save & Continue

7. Enter the remaining information for your account and click **Save & Continue** to proceed.

Step 1 - Activate your frame

Step 2 - Account information

Step 3 - Where's your frame?

Optional: By providing your frame's whereabouts, we'll be able to better suggest appropriate content such as regional news and weather

Your Country:

Your Nearest City:

5 Digit Zip:

Used for some local channels, such as weather.

Room your frame will be in:

[Skip this step](#) [Save & Continue](#)

Step 4 - Invite friends to publish on your frame

8. You may invite your friends to join or click **I'm done!** to begin your FrameChannel experience.

Step 1 - Activate your frame

Step 2 - Account information

Step 3 - Where's your frame?

Step 4 - Invite friends to publish on your frame

Optional: Invite friends and family members to send photos directly to your FrameChannel account

Email:

Email:

Email:

Email:

[I'm done!](#)

9. Once your account is active, you can use the FrameChannel website to select the channels that you would like to display on your frame.



To immediately view changes to your channel, open FrameChannel from the router's LCD menu, and use the touch pad buttons to select the item labeled **Refresh Channel**.

Note: The **Reset Channel** button of the FrameChannel menu will clear all of your FrameChannel information from the router. After resetting the channel information, a new activation code will be displayed.

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DIR-685. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. (The examples below are illustrated in Windows® XP. If you have a different operating system, the on-screen messages may look slightly different than the following examples.)

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility. The router has the configuration utility built into a ROM chip in the router itself.

- Make sure you have an up-to-date Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
 - Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher
 - Netscape 8 or higher
 - Mozilla 1.7.12 (5.0) or higher
 - Opera 8.5 or higher
 - Safari 1.2 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher)
 - Camino 0.8.4 or higher
 - Firefox 2.0 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device that you are connecting. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any Internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows® XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
 - Go to **Start > Settings > Control Panel**. Double-click the **Internet Options** icon. From the **Security** tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
 - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the **LAN Settings** button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your the web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. Unfortunately this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1. When logging in, the username is **admin** and leave the password box empty.

3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive e-mail when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving e-mail, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

Note: AOL DSL+ users must use MTU of 1400.

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on **Start** and then click **Run**.
- Windows® 95, 98, and Me users type in **command** (Windows® NT, 2000, and XP users type in **cmd**) and press **Enter** (or click **OK**).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax:

ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]

Example: **ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472**

```
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1482
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.

Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data:
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52

Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average = 132ms

C:\>
```

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, let's say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with ($1452+28=1480$).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your router (192.168.0.1) and click **OK**.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click **OK** to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on **Setup** and then click **Manual Configure**.
- To change the MTU enter the number in the *MTU* field and click **Save Settings** to save your settings.
- Test your e-mail. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

4. What can I do if the DIR-685 locks up or stops responding?

If the LCD touchpad panel ever becomes unresponsive, or if the router itself is malfunctioning, you may need to reset the device. The DIR-685 can be reset by unplugging the power adapter from the wall for a few seconds. Plug it back in and wait a few moments for the router to restart.

Note: There is no on/off button on the router. The reset button on the back of the router is used to restore the router settings to factory defaults.

Networking Basics

Check your IP address

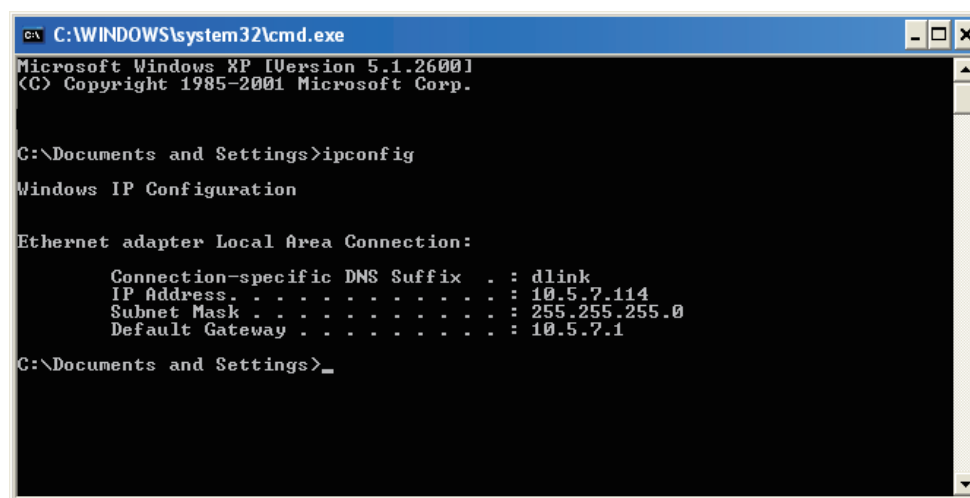
After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on **Start > Run**. In the run box type **cmd** and click **OK**. (Windows Vista® users type **cmd** in the **Start Search** box.)

At the prompt, type **ipconfig** and press **Enter**.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.



```
C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\Documents and Settings>ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : dlink
    IP Address. . . . . : 10.5.7.114
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.5.7.1

C:\Documents and Settings>
```

If you are connecting to a wireless network at a hotspot (e.g. hotel, coffee shop, airport), please contact an employee or administrator to verify their wireless network settings.

Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

Step 1

Windows Vista® - Click on **Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network Connections**.

Windows® XP - Click on **Start > Control Panel > Network Connections**.

Windows® 2000 - From the desktop, right-click **My Network Places > Properties**.

Step 2

Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** which represents your D-Link network adapter and select **Properties**.

Step 3

Highlight **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click **Properties**.

Step 4

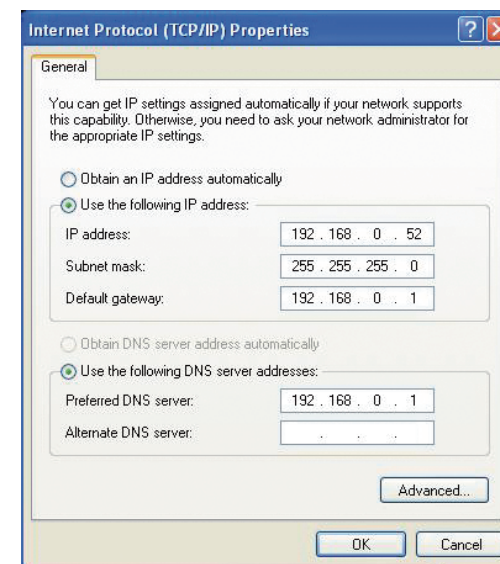
Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

Step 5

Click **OK** twice to save your settings.



Glossary

802.11a - An IEEE wireless LAN specification standard that operates on the 5GHz frequency band.*

802.11b - An IEEE wireless LAN specification standard that operates on the 2.4GHz frequency band and is interoperable with 802.11b standard devices.

802.11g - An IEEE wireless LAN specification standard that operates on the 2.4GHz frequency band and is interoperable with 802.11g standard devices.

802.11n - An IEEE wireless LAN specification standard that operates on the 2.4GHz and 5GHz frequency bands and is interoperable with 802.11n standard devices.*

Access Point - A device that creates wireless signal to allow users to connect wirelessly in a wired network.

Bridge - Connects any wired Ethernet device to a wireless network.

Broadband - Fast Internet connections typically at home such as DSL, and Cable that allow high bandwidth capability are considered broadband connection.

Bluetooth - A low power short-range wireless network used to connect between desktops and laptop computers, PDAs, digital cameras, scanners, cell phones, and printers. Bluetooth wireless signal can transmit up to 30 feet.

Cable Modem - A device that works over coaxial line (TV), providing high bandwidth transfer rate, to access the Internet.

Cardbus Network Adapter - A device that connects a laptop to the network.

* The DIR-685 supports 2.4GHz only

DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) - A service that maps Internet domain name to a dynamic IP address as it changes.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) - A protocol that dynamically assigns IP address to devices on the network.

DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) - DSL allows a high bandwidth transfer rates using existing phone line, to access the Internet.

Ethernet - First generation of Ethernet transfers up to 10 Mbps. Fast Ethernet, the second generation transfers up to 100Mbps, and Gigabit Ethernet, the third generation of Ethernet transfers up to 1000Mbps.

Firewall - A security feature that protects a network by preventing intruders to connect.

Hotspots - A place usually in public where you can access wireless connection to the Internet. Hotspots are commonly found at airports, hotels, coffee shops, libraries, restaurants, and convention centers.

IP (Internet Protocol) Address - An unique number that identifies computers or devices on the network.

ISP (Internet Service Provider) - Company that provides Internet access such as Cox, Adelphia, SBC, Verizon, Comcast, and many more.

LAN (Local Area Network) - Group of computers connected together that can share data and peripherals such as printers, scanners, and etc.

PCI Network Adapter - A device that connects a desktop to the network.

Router - A device that connects LANs, WANs, and the Internet.

SSID (Service Set Identifier) - A network name that identifies the wireless network.

USB (Universal Serial Bus) - A standard interface commonly used to connect peripheral devices to computers.

VPN (Virtual Private Network) - Provides secured remote access to a network via the Internet by sending data in tunnels.

WAN (Wide Area Network) - A network that covers a large geographic area, usually two or more LANs.

WEP (Wired Encryption Privacy) - A standard security feature used to encrypt data over a wireless network to prevent intruder.

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) - A stronger and more secured encryption than WEP to prevent intruders from trying to connect to wireless networks.

WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network) - A type of LAN that uses high-frequency radio waves to communicate with devices rather than wires.

Technical Specifications

Standards

- IEEE 802.11n (draft 2.0)
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.11b
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u
- IEEE 802.3ab
- SATA
- USB 2.0

Wireless Signal Rates¹

IEEE 802.11n draft 2.0 (HT20/40)

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| • 144.4Mbps (300) | • 130Mbps (270) |
| • 117Mbps (243) | • 104Mbps (216) |
| • 78Mbps (162) | • 66Mbps (135) |
| • 58.5Mbps (121.5) | • 52Mbps (108) |
| • 39Mbps (81) | • 26Mbps (54) |
| • 19.5Mbps (40.5) | • 12Mbps (27) |
| • 6.5Mbps (13.5) | |

IEEE 802.11a

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| • 54Mbps | • 48Mbps |
| • 36Mbps | • 24Mbps |
| • 18Mbps | • 12Mbps |
| • 11Mbps | • 9Mbps |
| • 6Mbps | |

IEEE 802.11g

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| • 54Mbps | • 8Mbps |
| • 36Mbps | • 24Mbps |
| • 18Mbps | • 12Mbps |
| • 11Mbps | • 9Mbps |
| • 6Mbps | • 5.5Mbps |
| • 2Mbps | • 1Mbps |

Frequency Range²

North America

- 2.412GHz to 2.462GHz (802.11g/n)

General Europe

- 2.412GHz to 2.472GHz (802.11g/n)

Wireless Security

- WEP
- WPA-Personal
- WPA2-Personal
- WPA-Enterprise
- WPA2-Enterprise

Antenna

- Two Internal Antennas (2 dBi)

LEDs

- Power
- WPS
- Hard Drive Status

Display Panel

- LCD TFT 3.2" QVGA
- Touch Pad with Left, Right, Return, Picture Preview and Center (Confirm) Buttons.

Hard Drive Support³

- 2.5" SATA

Operating Temperature

- 0° ~ 30° C (32° ~ 86° F)

Operating Humidity

- 90% Maximum (Non-condensing)

Safety & Emissions

- FCC
- CE
- IC
- C-Tick
- NCC

Device Dimensions

- L = 6.5 inches (165.7 mm)
- W = 4.8 inches (122.8 mm)
- H = 1.27 inches (32.36 mm)

Device Weight

- 5.43 oz. (154.1 grams)

Stand Dimensions

- L = 6.06 inches (154 mm)
- W = 2.38 inches (60.5 mm)
- H = 0.49 inches (12.44 mm)

Stand Weight

- 4.58 oz.(129.9 grams)

¹ Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11g and Draft 802.11n specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, and network overhead, lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range.

² Frequency range varies based on country regulations.

³ No hard drive is included with this device. Current 2.5" SATA hard drives support up to 500GB. Capacity may increase pending future technology. This device may not work with older generation SATA drives. For a list of SATA drives that have been tested to work with this device, visit your D-Link support web site.

⁴ Maximum Photo file size: 5MB

⁵ External Hard Drive Support: Limited to external 2.5 inch hard drive, without external power.