



# Configuration examples for the D-Link NetDefend Firewall series

## DFL-210/800/1600/2500 DFL-260/860

Scenario: How to configure Anti-Spam feature on D-Link firewall

Engineer: M.Koninkx, D-Link Benelux

Last update: 2008-01-03

#### Overview

In this document, the notation *Objects->Address book* means that in the tree on the left side of the screen *Objects* first should be clicked (expanded) and then *Address Book*.

The screenshots in this document is from firmware version 2.20.00. If you are using an earlier version of the firmware, the screenshots may not be identical to what you see on your browser.

To prevent existing settings to interfere with the settings in these guides, reset the firewall to factory defaults before starting.



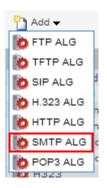
### How to configure Anti-Spam on D-Link firewall

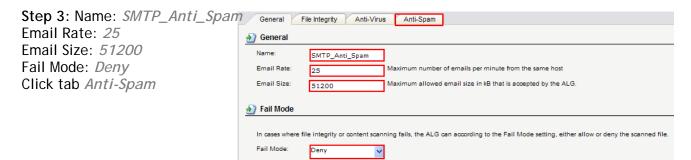
This scenario shows how to use the firewall as a spam filter for your mailserver.

Step 1: Go to Objects ->ALG



Step 2: Add a new SMTP ALG





#### Settings explained:

E-Mail Rate: This is the amount of email from one host that is allowed per minute E-Mail Size: The maximum size of a email (body + attachment, amount is in kB)



Step 4: General: Enable "Deny emails with..."

DNSBL Anti-Spam Filter: Select *Enable* 

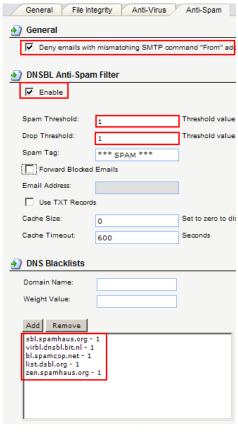
Spam Threshold: 1 Drop Threshold: 1 Cache Size: 0 Cache Timeout: 600

#### **DNS Blacklists**

Add the blacklists you want to use, i.e.

- sbl.spamhaus.org (Weight value 1)virbl.dnsbl.bit.nl (Weight value 1)
- bl.spamcop.net (Weight value 1)
- list.dsbl.org (Weight value 1)
- zen.spamhaus.org (Weight value 1)

Click OK



#### **Settings Explained:**

Weight value: When a mail is marked as spam by the blacklist you've entered, the weight value is stored in memory. When all blacklists have reported back to the firewall if the mail is spam or not, the values of the blacklists that returned "SPAM" will be added together. The total value is matched against the "Spam Threshold" and "Drop Threshold" value. When the value is equal or more then the values set, the mail will either be marked as spam (\*\*\* SPAM \*\*\*) or dropped by the ALG.

#### Example:

A spam mail is received by the ALG, the ALG checks all the DNS Blacklists and adds the values returned. We've set the value for "Drop Threshold" to "1", this means that if one of the DNS Blacklists returns a positive value (the mail is spam), it will be dropped.

#### Step 5: Create a SMTP service with the ALG:

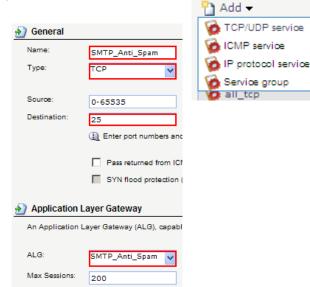
Go to *objects -> Services* Add: *TCP/UDP Service* 

Name: SMTP\_Anti\_Spam Type: TCP

Destination: 25

ALG: SMTP\_Anti\_Spam

Click OK





Step 6: Create a object for your mail server

Go to Objects -> Address book

Add: IP address

Name: Mailserver

IP Address: 192.168.1.200

(Replace the IP address with the IP address of your mail server)

General

General

Name:

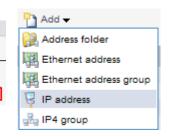
IP Address:

User Authentication

Mailserver

192.168.1.200

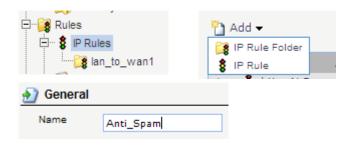
Click OK



Step 7: Go to Rules-> IP Rules
Add IP Rule Folder

Name: Anti\_Spam

Click OK



Step 8: Go to Rules-> IP Rules
Add IP Rule



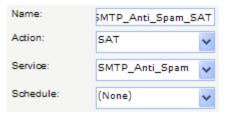


Step 9: In General tab

Name: SMTP\_Anti\_Spam\_SAT

Action: SAT

Service: SMTP\_Anti\_Spam



Source Interface: *any*Source Network: *all-nets* 

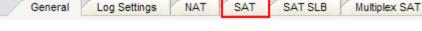
Destination Interface: *core*Destination Network: *wan1\_ip* 

Source Destination

Interface: any v core v

Network: all-nets v wan1\_ip v

Click tab: SAT



Translate the: Destination IP Address

New IP Address: Mailserver

Click OK





Step 10: Go to Rules-> IP Rules
Add IP Rule





Destination

wan1\_ip

core

Step 11: In General tab

Name: SMTP\_Anti\_Spam\_Allow

Action: Allow

Service: SMTP\_Anti\_Spam

Name: MTP\_Anti\_Spam\_Allow
Action: Allow

Service: SMTP\_Anti\_Spam 

Schedule: (None)

Source

all-nets

any

Interface:

Network:

Source Interface: *any* Source Network: *all-nets* 

Destination Interface: *core*Destination Network: *wan1\_ip* 

Click OK

Step 12: Click Save and Active

